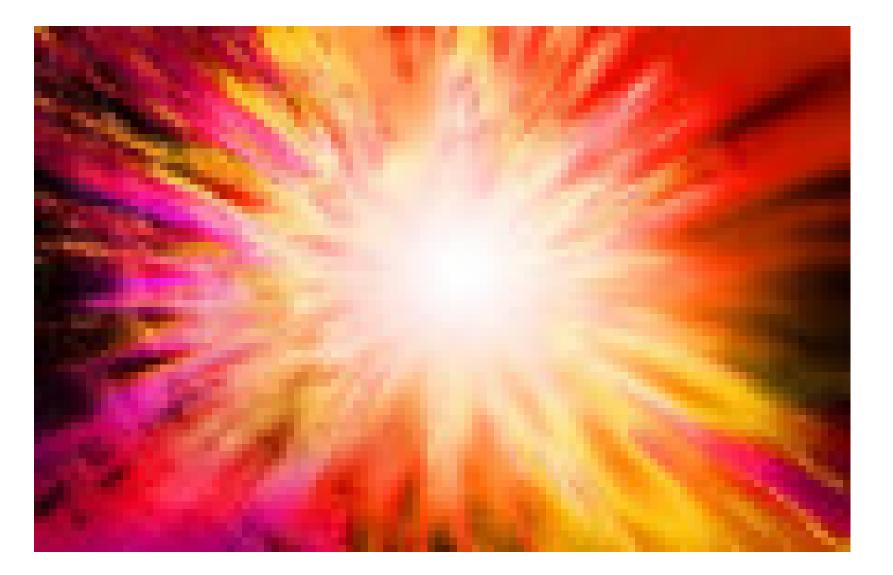
From the emergence of life to the emergence of consciousness

PL LUISI, DEP. OF BIOLOGY ROMA3 luisi@mat.ethz.ch

1.: LIFE FROM THE INANIMATE MATTER
 2.: SOME PHILOSOPHICAL QUESTIONS
 3.: THE SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY OF NEVER BORN PROTEINS
 4. THE SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY OF MINIMAL LIFE
 5.: FROM CELL BIOLOGY TO COGNITION

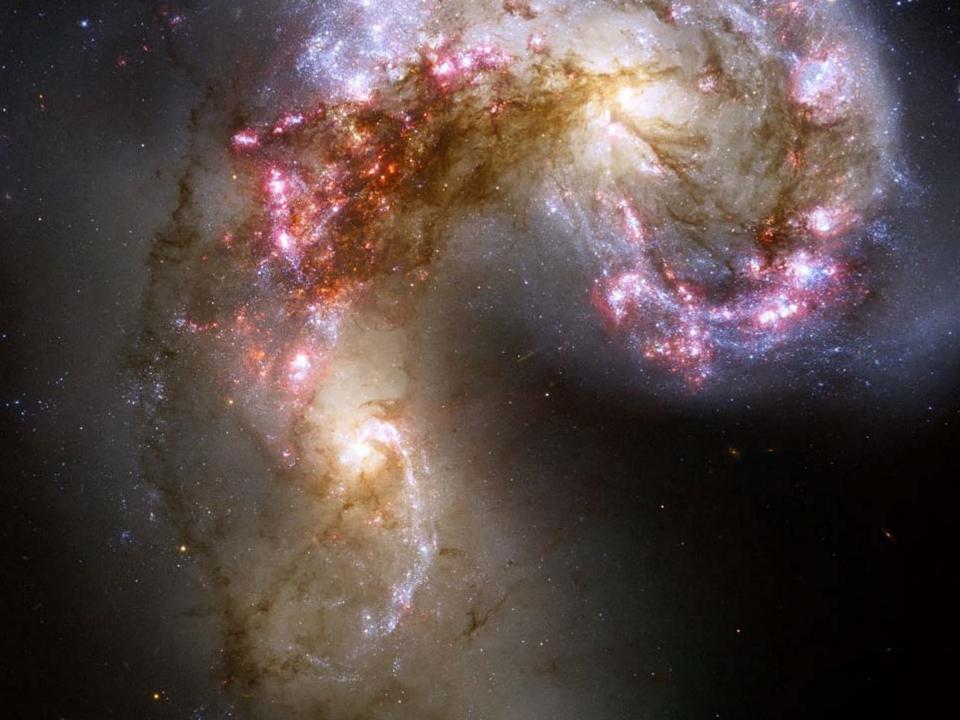


The narrative of the BigBang

- 13.7 billion years ago: BB and creation of time, space,heat, laws of nature
- After 1/100 sec.: t ca. 100 million C, density 4 billion more than water density
- After 3.6 min: t= 30 million C, and formation of protons and neutrons and then formation of Hydrogen and Helium atoms, (³/₄ and ¹/₄, as ca. today)
- After 300-400 million years: H and He build gigantic cold clouds with high density
- As temp. goes down to -170 C, these clouds collaps, forming the first galaxies and stars







• ,,,,,,HEIDEGGER

• And his crucial question:

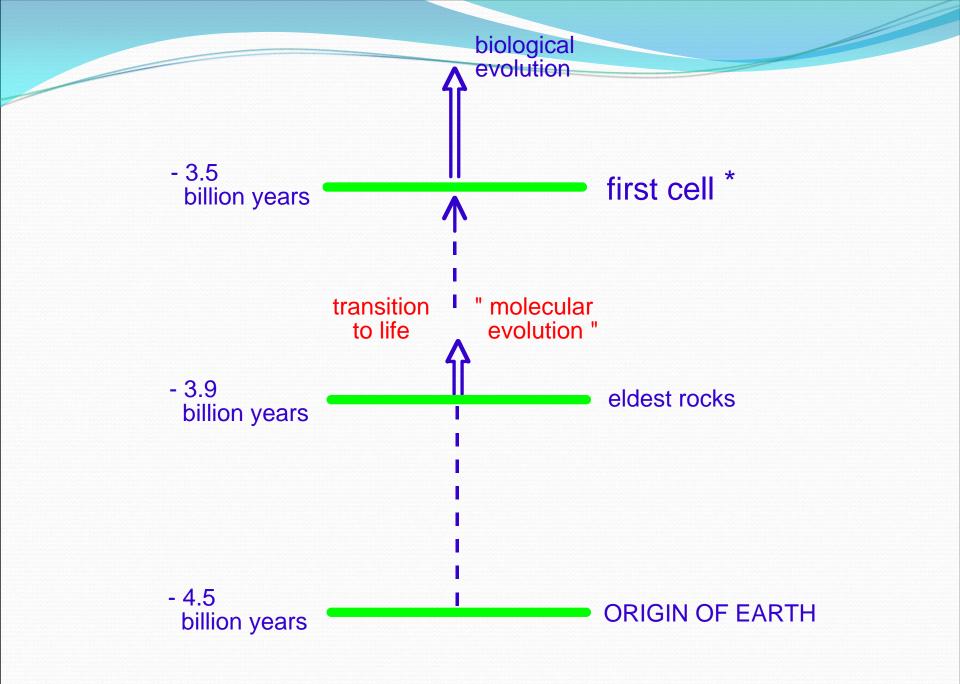
• Why there is something instead of nothing?

... the narrative of the BigBang

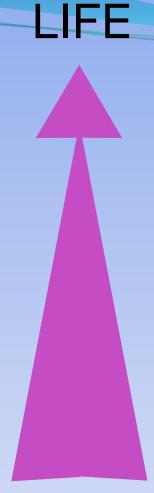
- 5 billions years ago: formation of "our" mother cloud, from which our solar system
- Inside the stars, nuclear fusion of He and H produces the first heavy atoms, C, O, N, Si, Fe
- And then the first molecules, CO, ammonia, water, CS
- From these particles, formation of the "planetesimals", which eventually forms planets

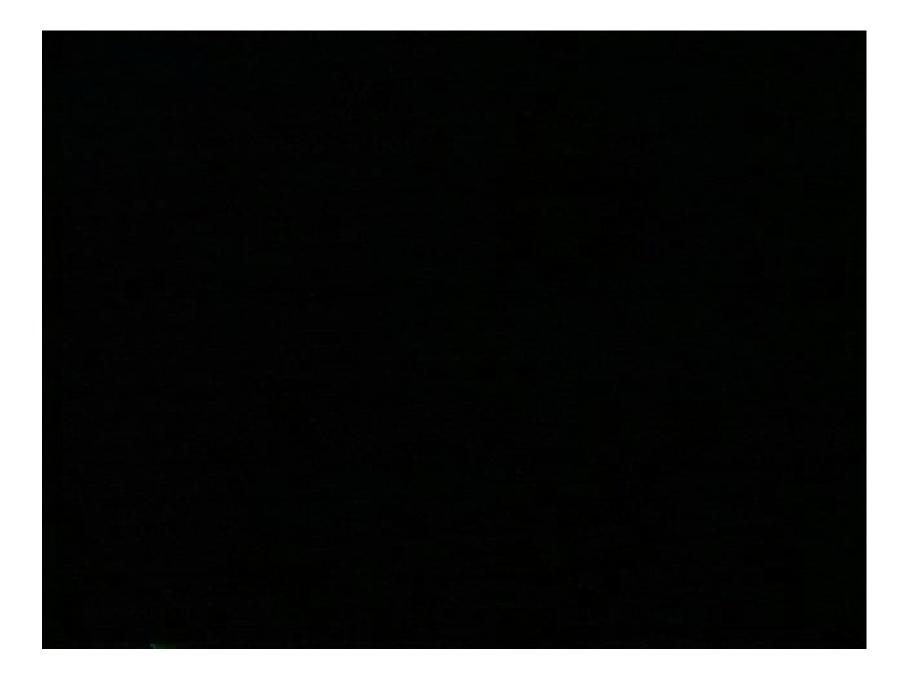




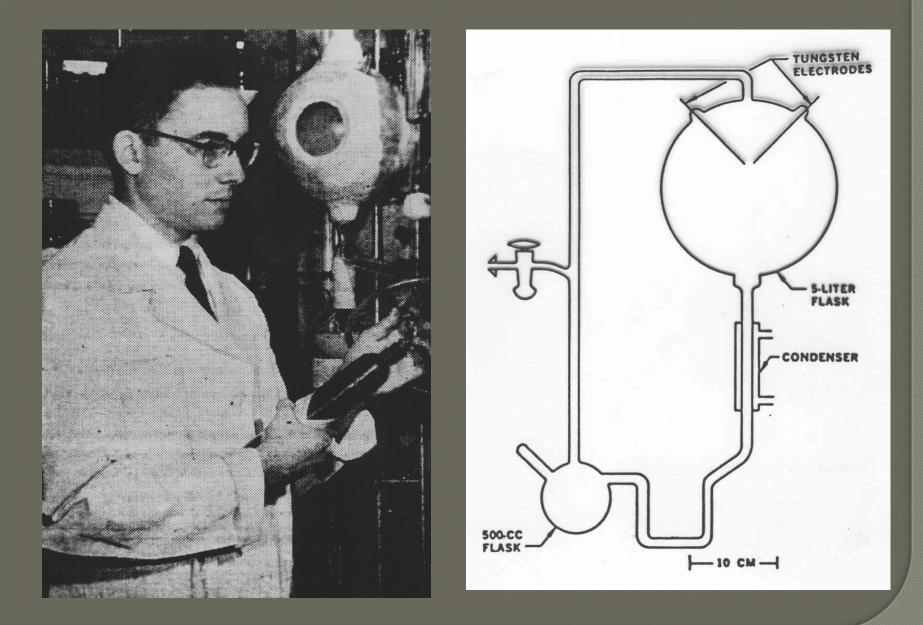


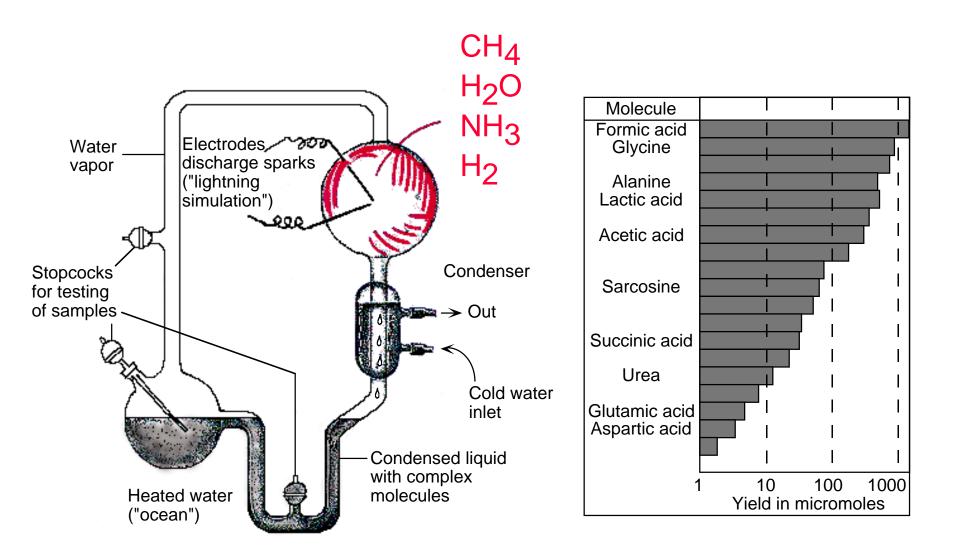
INANIMATE MATTER (NON - LIFE)

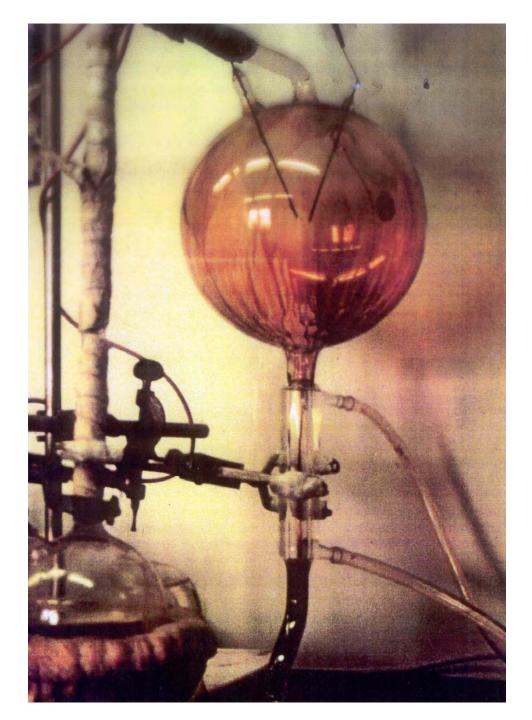


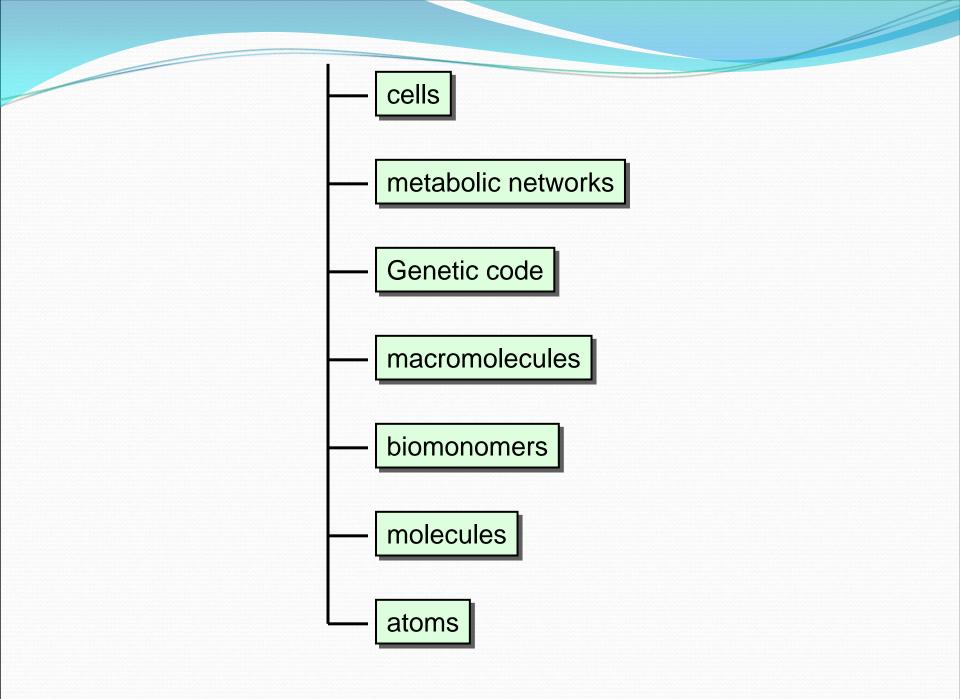


The 1953 Miller experiment







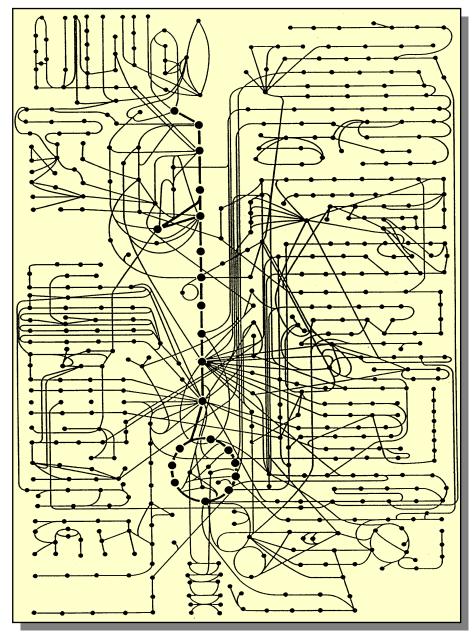


WHAT IS LIFE?

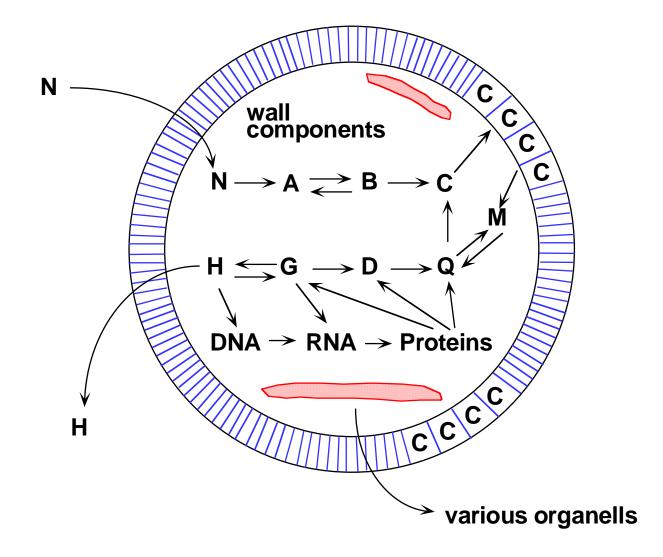
•A PHENOMENOLOGICAL APPROACH



A maze illustrating the chemical reactions that interconvert small molecules in cells.



NUTRIENTS / ENERGY



First phenomenological observation

THE CELL'S MAIN ACTIVITY IS

TO MAINTAIN ITS OWN IDENTITY

(SELF-MAINTENANCE) IN FACE OF THE ENORMOUS NUMBER OF TRANSFORMATIONS;

AND THE CELL DOES SO

THANKS TO A PROCESS OF RE-GENERATION FROM WITHIN

Second phenomenological observation:

• Cellular life (life in general) is a global, distributed quality. Is not due to any particular "centre", any particular compound or any particular reaction.

... in other words,

The living cell is defined by its organization, and therefore life must be interpreted in terms of relations among the components rather than in terms of the properties of the components

These concepts are the basis of

the theory of autopoiesis

developed by Maturna and Varela since 1974

..the "Santiago School" See "The tree of knoweledge" by Maturana and Varela

LIVING SYSTEMS TRANSFORM INSIDE THEMSELVES MATTER, IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE PRODUCT IS THEIR OWN ORGANIZATION

Maturana and Varela

When you regard a living system you always find a network of processes or molecules that interact in such a way as to produce the very network that produced them and that determine its boundary. Such a network I call autopoietic.

MATURANA, 2004

Whenever you encounter a network whose operations eventually produce itself as a result, you are facing an autopoietic system. It produces itself. The system is open to the input of matter but closed with regard to the dynamics of the relations that generate it."

MATURANA 2004

Important in autopoiesis:

Relationship between structure and self-organization

Self-organization is the invariant property, the relationship between the processes that produce the components The **structure** may be contingent, and may vary depending

on evolution and other perturbations

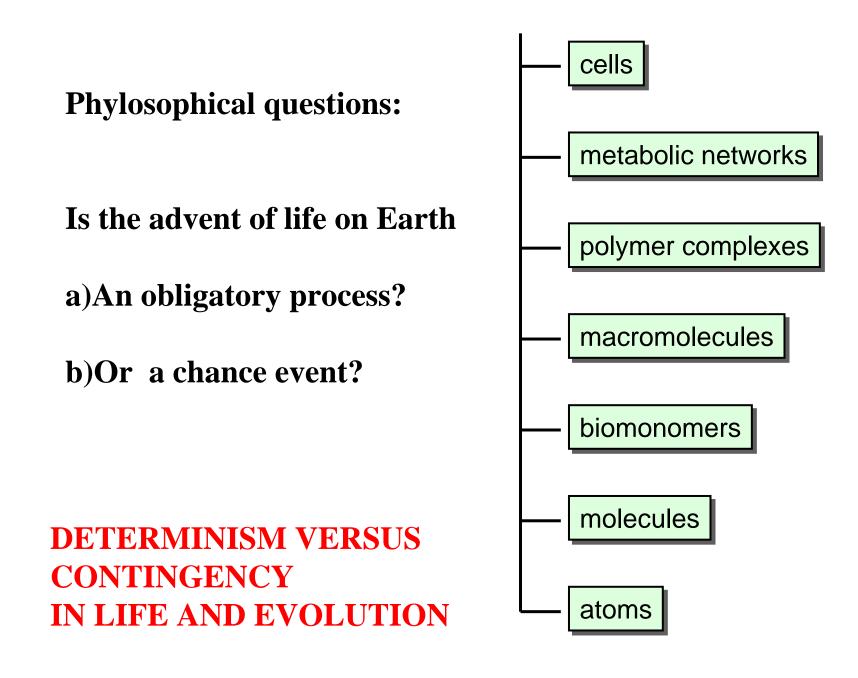
Note: the two things are inseparable, there cannot be the one without the other in a living system self-maintenance from within, due to a dynamic network of interactions, which are defined and constructed by the system itself"

The cellular ,,definition" of life:

A system spatially defined by a boundary of its own makingand which is self-sustaining by re-generating the system's components from the inside

SECOND PART:

SOME PHYLOSOPHICAL QUESTIONS



..."I favor the view that life was bound to arise under the physical-chemical conditions that surrounded its birth"

De Duve, 2002

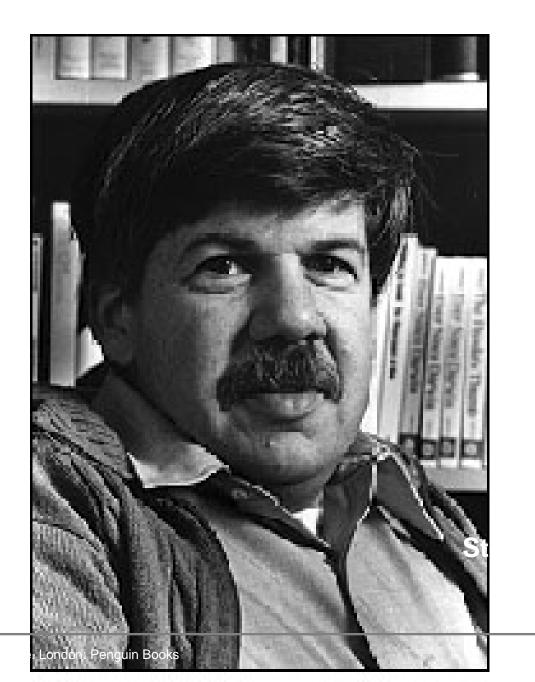
We have no reason to believe that biogenesis was not a series of chemical events subject to all of the laws governing atoms and their interactions." Morowizt, 1991

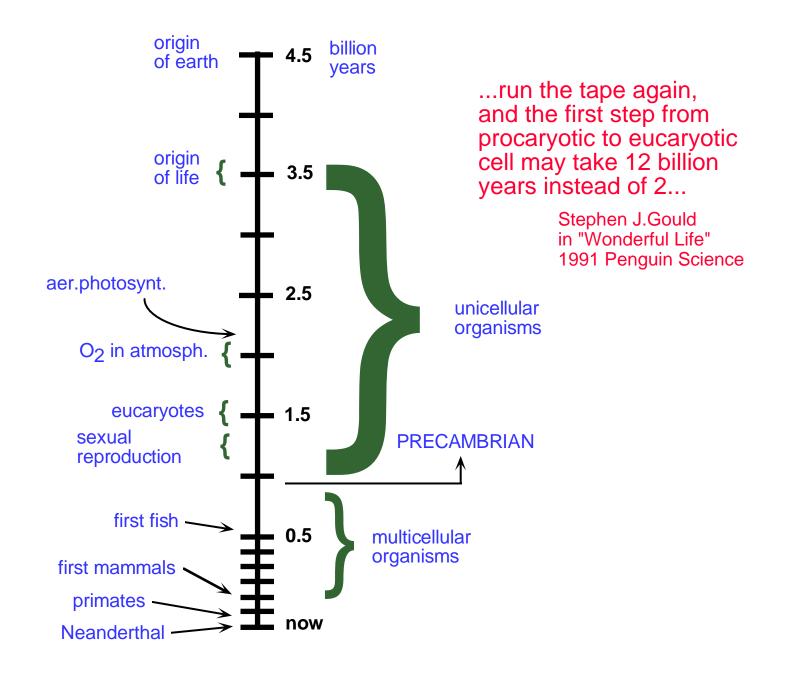
"...It is self-evident that the universe was pregnant with life and the biosphere with man. Otherwise, we would not be here. Or else, our presence can be explained only by a miracle..." De Duve, 2002

OPPOSITE TO THE IDEA OF THE INEVITABILITY OF LIFE....

CONTINGENCY







WE WOULD LIKE TO THINK OURSELVES **NECESSARY, INEVITABLE, ORDAINED FOR** ALL ETERNITY. **ALL RELIGIONS, ALL PHILOSOPHIES, AND EVEN PART OF SCIENCE TESTIFY TO THE UNWEARYING, HEROIC EFFORT OF MANKIND DESPERATELY DENYING ITS OWN CONTINGENCY**

J.Monod, Chance and Necessity, 1971

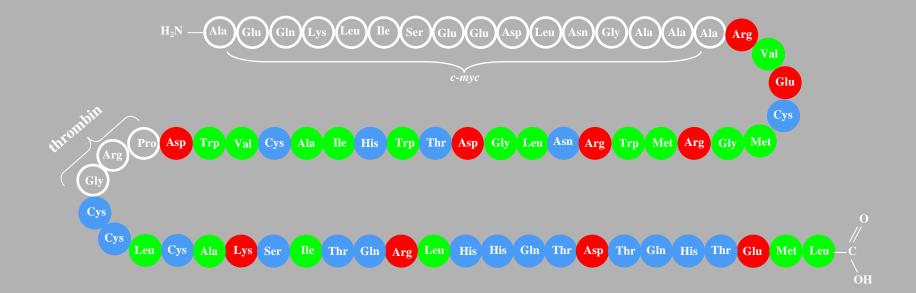
WHERE SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY MEET:

EXPERIMENTAL PROJECTS OF SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY

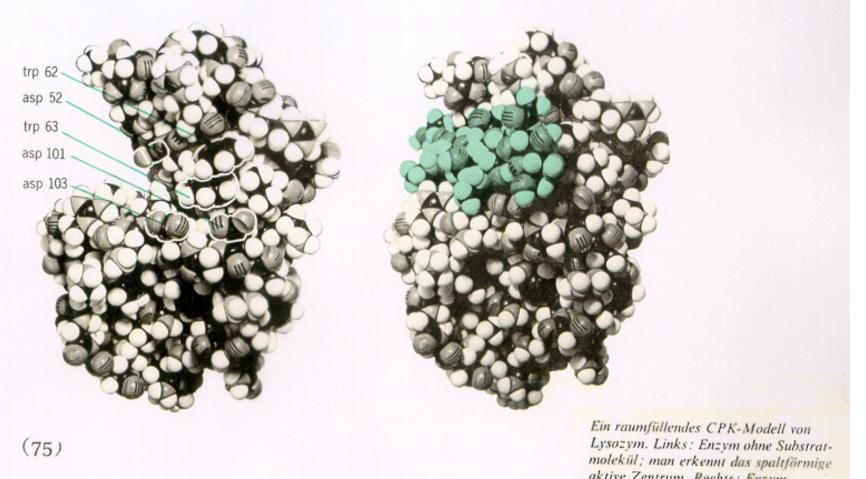
CAN YOU DO EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCH ON THESE ITEMS OF DETERMINISM VS CONTINGENCY?

...CONSIDER THE PROTEINS OF LIFE

POLYPEPTIDE NBP127 PRIMARY SEQUENCE

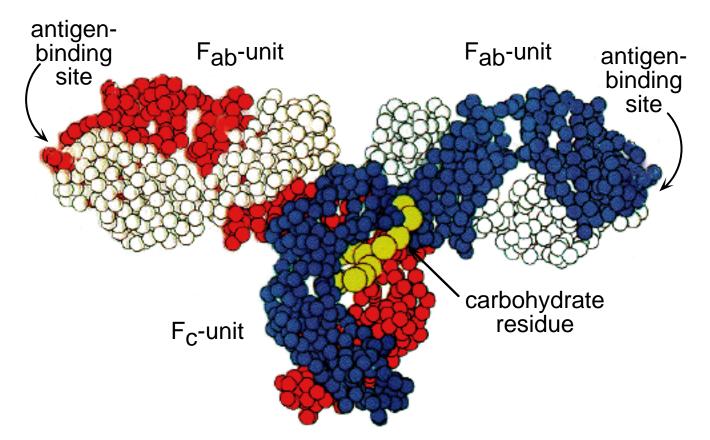


Non polar aa – 39%
Charged aa – 21%
Polar aa – 40%



molekul; man erkennt das spaltförmi aktive Zentrum. Rechts: Enzym-Substrat-Komplex, Substratmolekül in Farbe

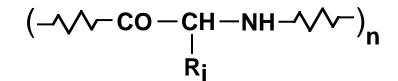
SCHEMATIC REPRESENTATION OF THE THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{g}}\mathrm{G}$



Each amino acid residue is represented by a small circle. The H chains are red and the L chains blue. A carbohydrate residue is yellow.

E. W. Silverton, et al. *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci.* 74 (1977); p. 142.

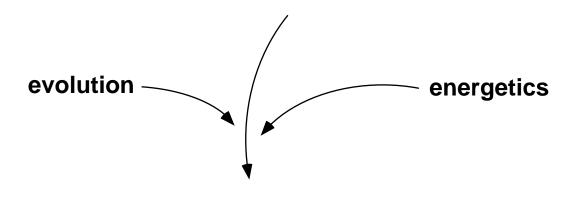
On the importance of being a copolymer



<u>Calculate:</u> How many different macromolecules can you build, when n = 60 and i = 1 - 20



 $20 \times 20 \times 20 \times ...$ N = $20^{60} \simeq 10^{70}$!!!



In nature there are only 10¹² - 10¹⁴ proteins



14 Space of the actual proteins, ca. 10





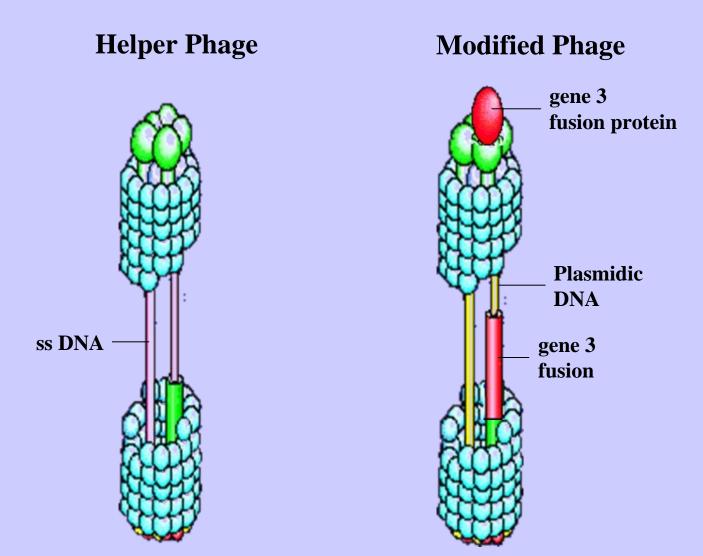
• HOW HAVE THESE "FEW" PROTEINS BEEN SELECTED OUT? DO THEY HAVE

SPECIAL PHYSICAL OR THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES? (SOLUBILITY, STABILITY, FOLDING, HYDRODYN. PROPERTIES....) **QUESTION: ARE THE PROTEINS OF LIFE THE ONLY ONES THAT COULD BE FORMED-AND GAVE ORIGIN TO LIFE BY A DETERMINISTIC** (**OBLIGATORY**) **SERIES OF EVENTS** OR **ARE THEY THE PRODUCT OF CONTINGENCY(CHANCE) AND LIFE IS ALSO A PRODUCT OF CONTINGENCY?** ..why this, and not that?

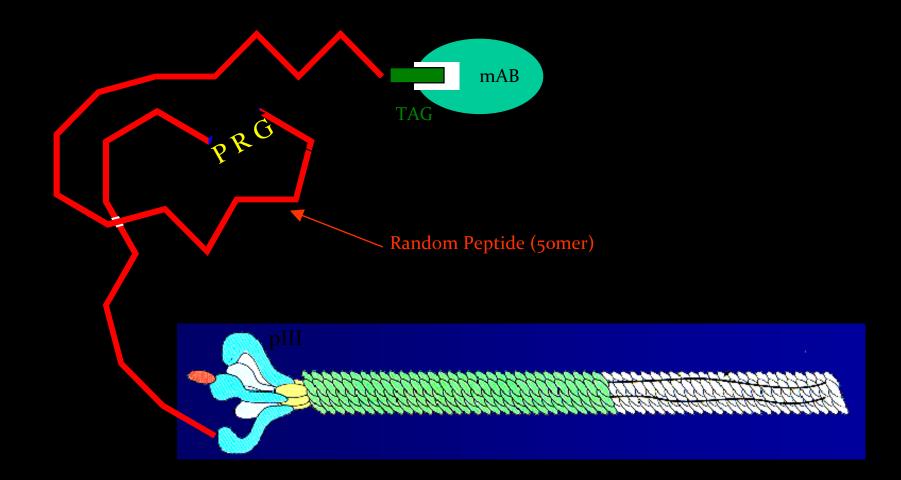
PROJECT "NEVER BORN PROTEINS"

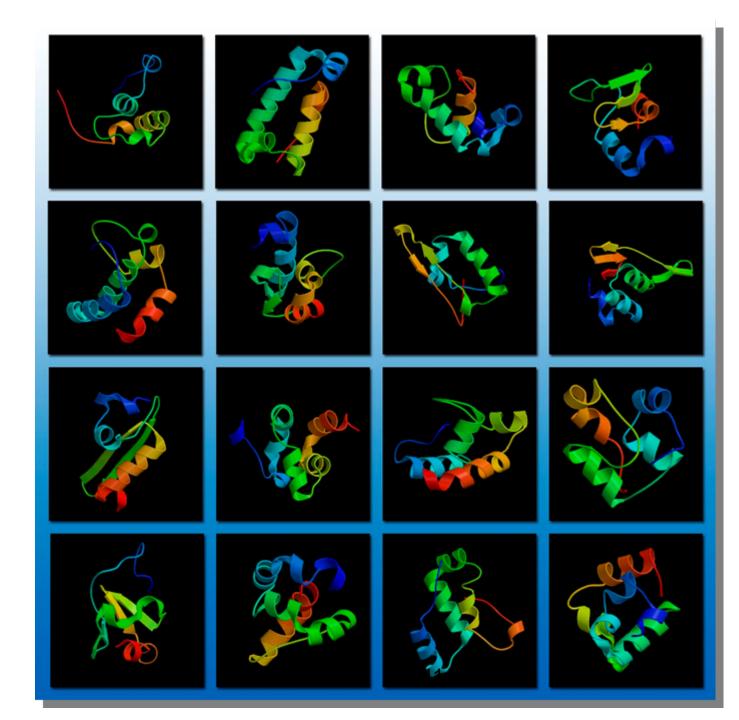
- Synthetize in the lab proteins non existing in nature, i.d., not selected by evolution. Ask the question: how do they compare with ,,our" proteins? (stability, folding, solubility....)
- Cristiano Chiarabelli, Davide de Lucrezia,
- Fabrizio Anella, Anna Quintarelli, Alessio Marcozzi, Cecilia Portera

PHAGEMID VECTOR SYSTEM IN PHAGE DISPLAY



PHAGE LIBRARY





F.Polticelli And the Rosetta method

Temptative conclusions : Completly random de novo proteins can be Stable, folded, soluble in water

"Our" proteins have nothing special from the

folding or stability point of view

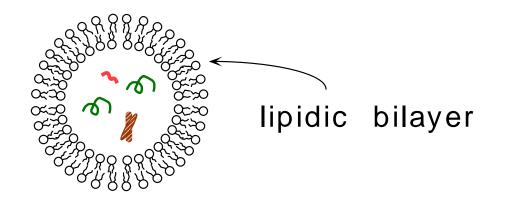
Are therefore "our" proteins simply the products of contingency?

ANOTHER PROJECT IN SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY

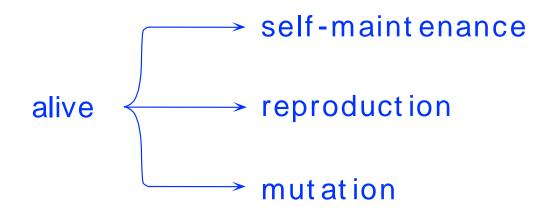
Is it possible to reproduce in the laboratory cellular life? Starting from scratch, Or...

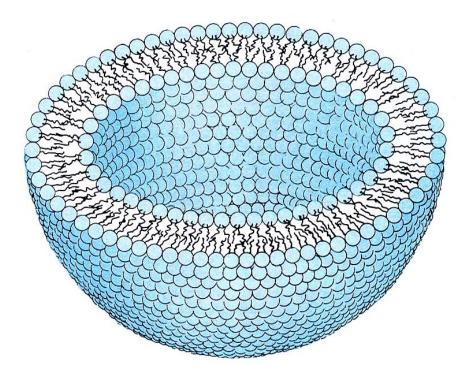
There are very many different approaches in the scientific literature

the notion of the minimal cell:

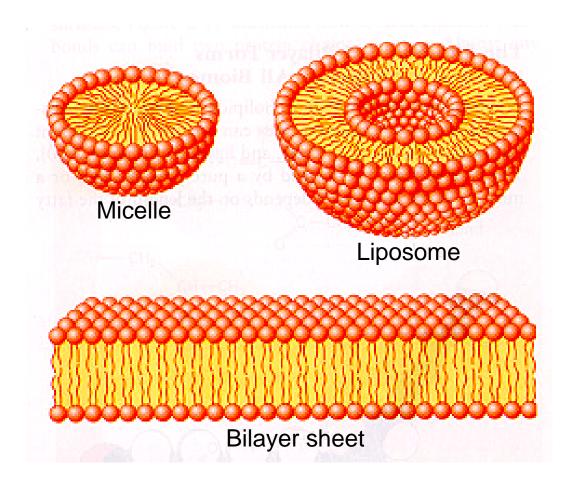


containing the minimal and sufficient number of components to be "alive"





MOLECULAR ARCHITECTURE of the animal-cell membrane is determined primarily by the interactions of phospholipid molecules in water. Phospholipids can minimize their energy in water by forming a bilayer about 40 angstrom units thick. The hydrophobic tails of the molecules sequester themselves on the inside of the bilayer and the hydrophilic heads (*blue*) face the water on both sides of the bilayer. If any edge of the bilayer were open to the water, hydrophobic tails along the edge would be exposed; hence the bilayer closes to form a vesicle, effectively segregating fluid inside the vesicle from fluid surrounding it. Cross-sectional views of the three structures that can be formed by mechanically dispersing a suspension of phospholipids in aqueous solution



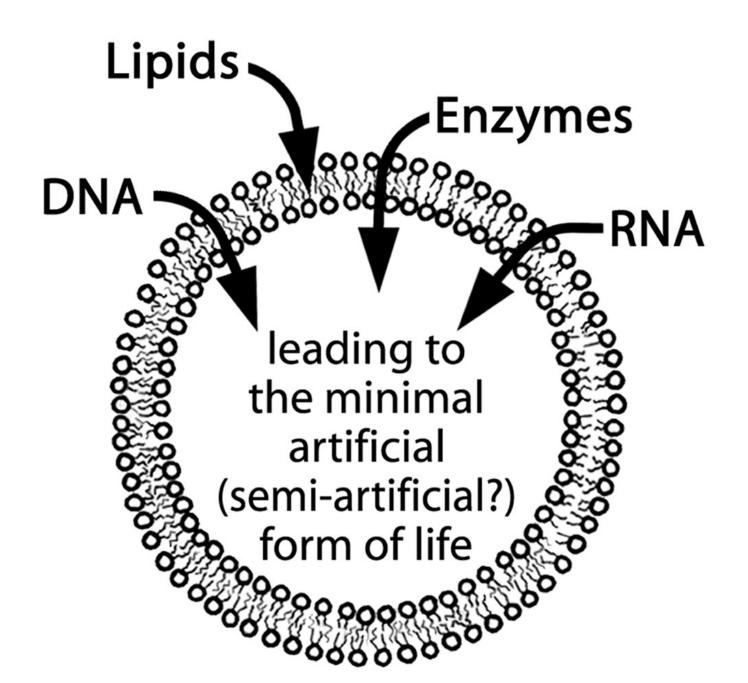
The red circles depict the hydrophilic heads of phospholipids, and the squiggly lines (in the yellow region) the hydrophobic tails.

Oleic acid/oleat vesicles Double Click to play the movie

NOW, LET US PUT SOMETHING IMPORTANT INSIDE...

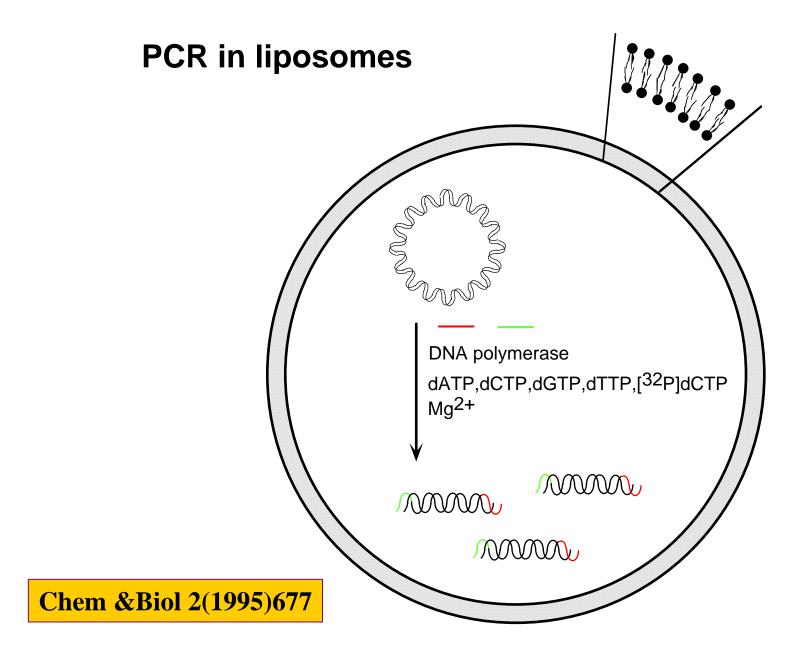
Project "minimal cell"

Pasquale Stano, Giovanni Murtas, Yutetsu Kumura Tereza de Souza, Paolo Carrara, Valentina Gallo, Erica De guanno, Katarzyna Adamasala

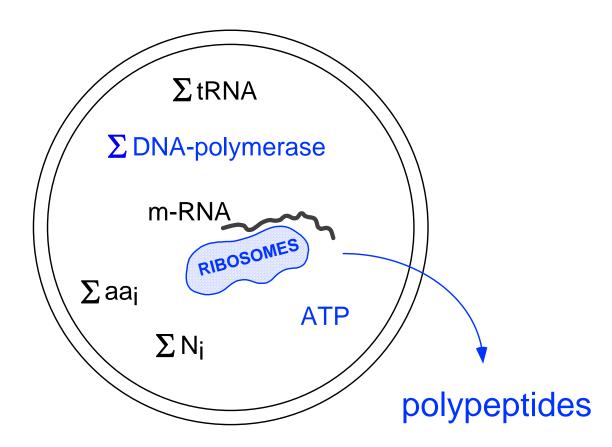




Molecular biology inside liposomes



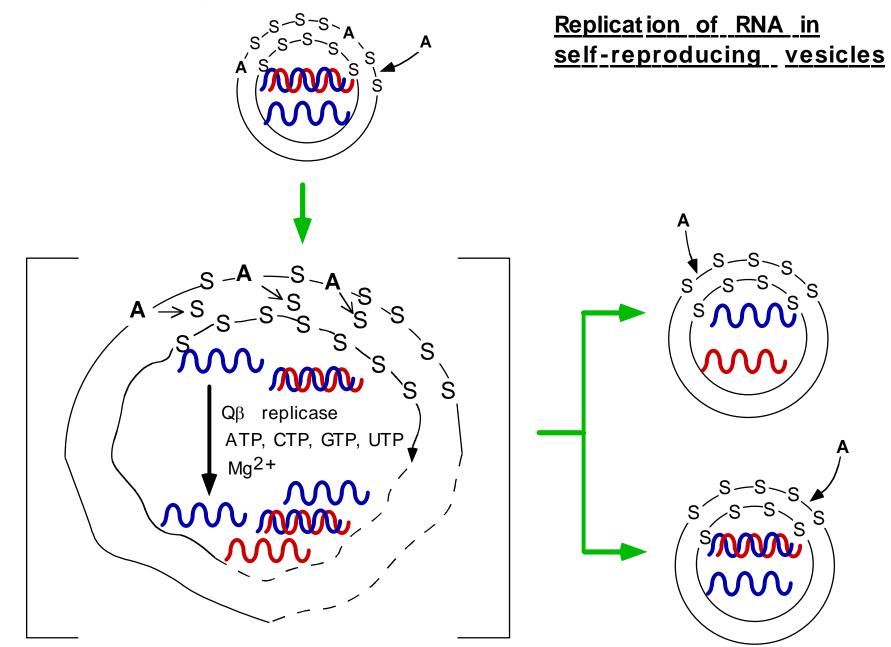
protein biosynthesis in liposomes



Oberholzer et al., 1999 (only poly-phe)

Bioch.bioph.Res.comm 261(1999)238

Oberholzer et al, 1995



IS THIS LIFE?

...death by dilution

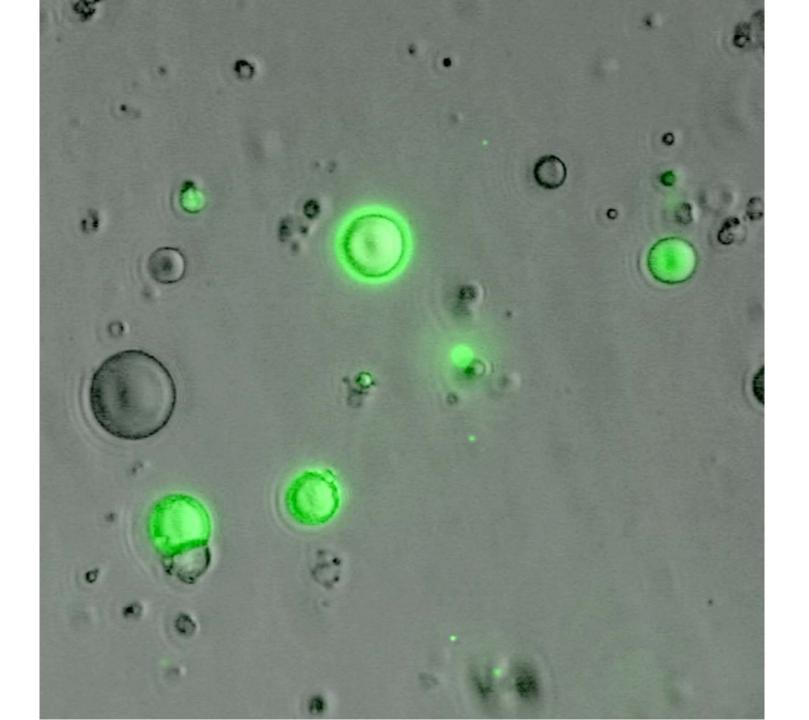


Protein synthesis inside liposomes

PROTEIN EXPRESSSION IN LIPOSOMES (MOSTLY GREEN FLUORESCENCE PROTEIN) HAS BEEN DESCRIBED BY SEVERAL GROUPS:

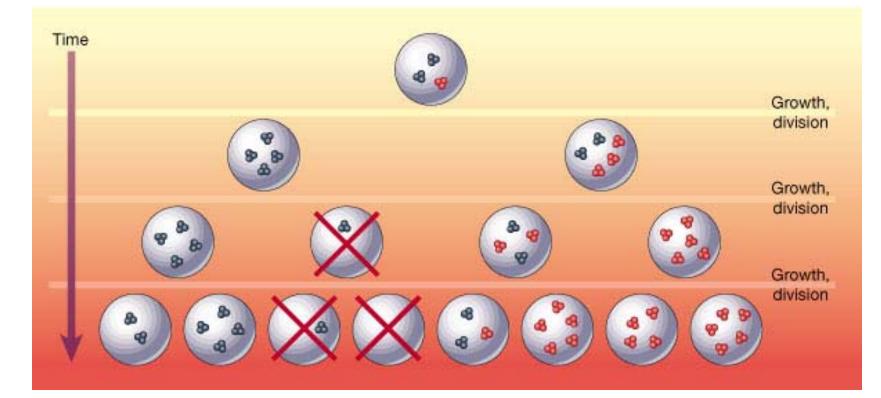
Oberholzer et al., 1999, 2001 Yomo et al., 2001 Tsumoto et al., 2001 Fischer et al, 2002 Nomura et al., 2003, Pietrini et al., 2004 Noireaux et al, 2004 Ishikawa et al, 2004 We are presently working with a kit of 37 enyzmes, plus ribosomes, tRNAS , A total of ca 90 macromolecular components <u>of known concentration</u> capable of expressing proteins

Developed by Ueda and collaborators (2001)



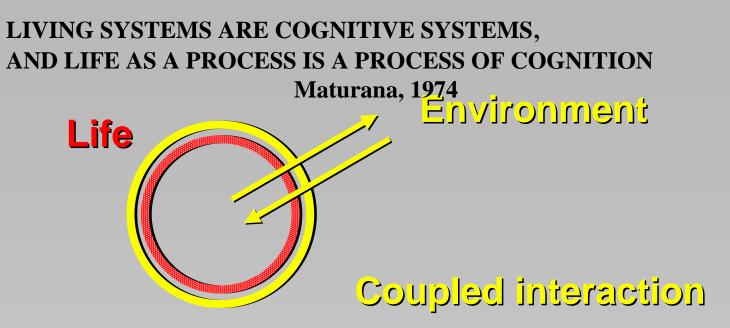
Nature 409, 387 - 390 (2001) **Synthesizing life**

JACK W. SZOSTAK, DAVID P. BARTEL & P. LUIGI LUISI



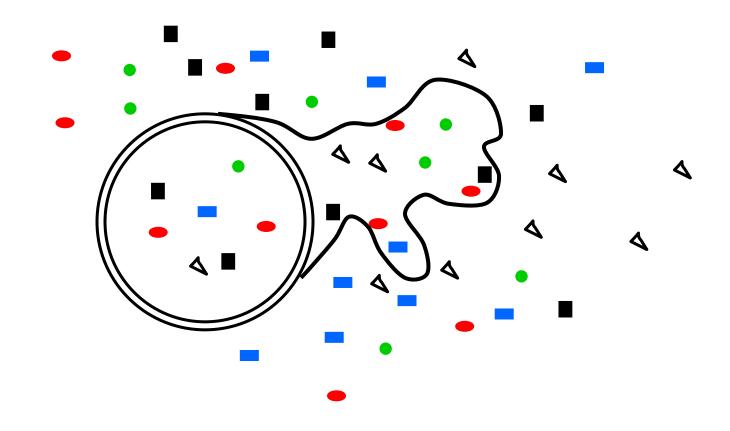
Quarta parte:

Dalla biologia alle scienze cognitive E alla coscienza



SANTIAGO THEORY :

Life = interaction with the environment → cognition



the organism creates from the environment its own world $(\rightarrow \text{ cognition}, \rightarrow \text{ enacting})$







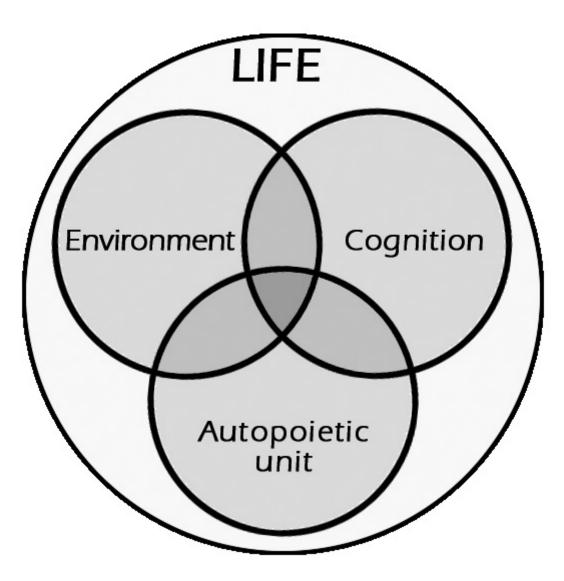
CO-EMERGENCE BETWEEN THE LIVING AND THE ENVIRONMENT:

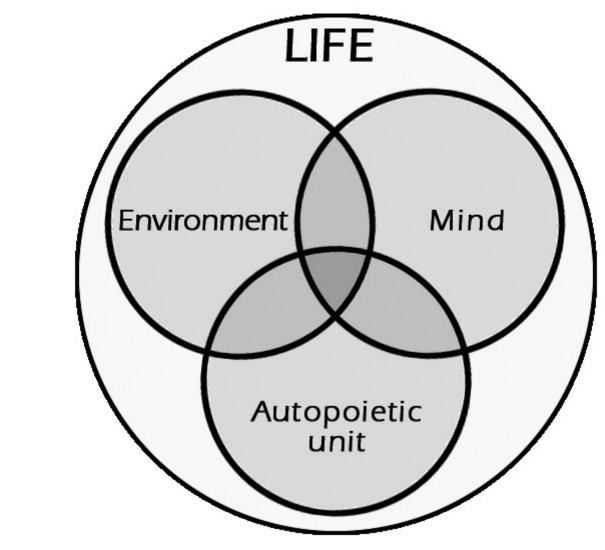
• COGNITION BEING THE FACTOR THAT GOVERNS THE FORMATION OF THIS NOVEL EMERGENT ENTITY

COGNITION AS A CONTINUUM CONCEPT

- At the level of amoeba
- Of insects
- Of simple mammals
- ...of man

...as the sensorium towards the environment evolves, "cognition" becomes more and more sophisticated





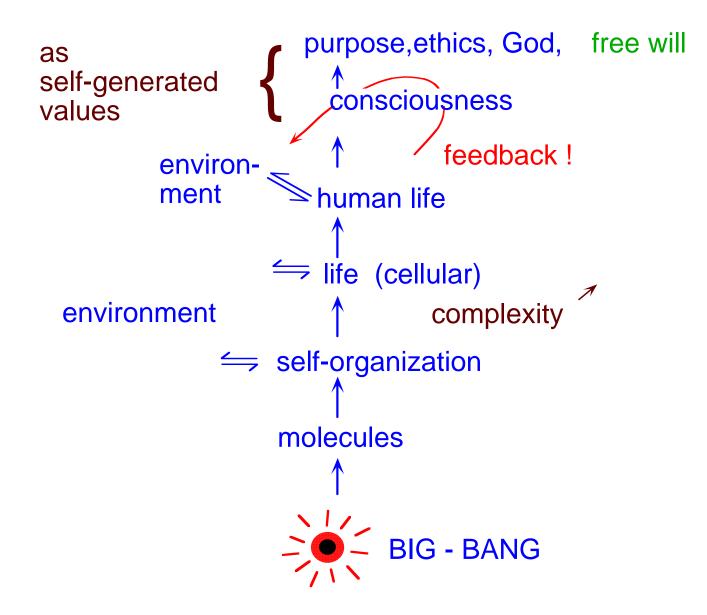
See The embodied Mind, Varela et al., 1998

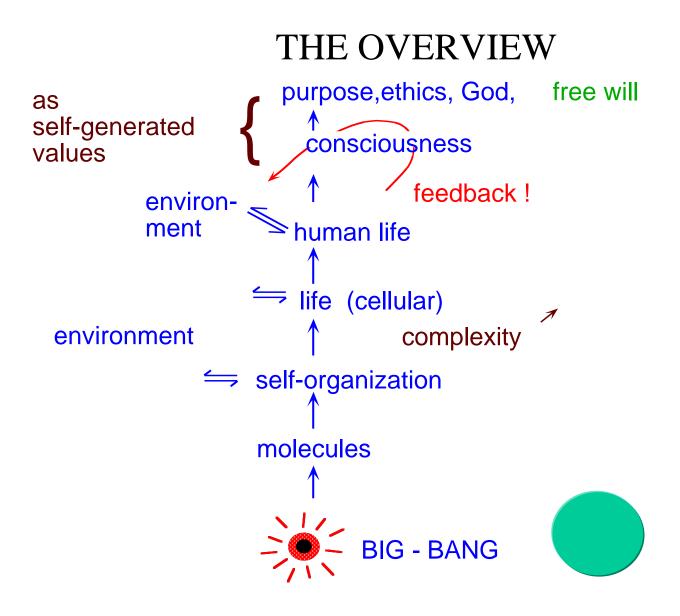
Consciousness is....

-knowing that you know (being aware of being aware)

-the subjective acknoweledgment of experience (such as sensory perceptions, or thought)

THE OVERVIEW





Cambrige University Press, 2006

The Emergence of Life

From Chemical Origins to Synthetic Biology Pier Luigi Luisi

Uniquely combining biology and philosophy, this book

offers a systematic course in the emergence of life from

inanimate matter. The successive stages, selforganization,

emergence, self - reproduction, autopoiesis, synthetic compartments and construction of cellular models are used to demonstrate the spontaneous increment in complexity leading to the first cellular life forms.

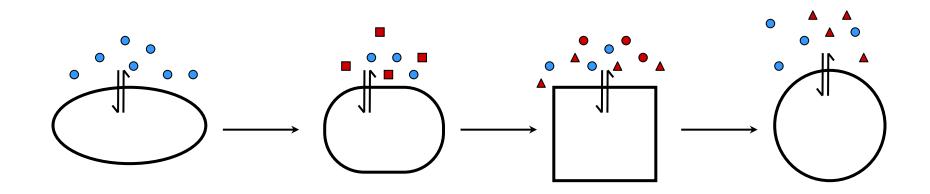
luisi@mat.ethz.ch

Towards social autopoiesis

 $S \rightarrow P$ S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S->P S S If the boundary is a social structure(a city, a party, an hospital...) and \mathbf{A} a new person who becomes a member (**S**)....

From all the above it is apparent that autopoiesis belongs epistemologically to systems theory, according to which it is the organization of the components that characterizes the quality of the system. Thus, the life of a cell is a global property, and cannot be ascribed to any single component

evolution: the history of coupling interactions



a living organism as the depositary of a long history of adaptive changes ..A HISTORY OF COUPLING INTERACTIONS FROM WHICH THE COGNITIVE DOMAIN IS CONSTITUTED NEITHER INTERNALLY (A SOLIPSISTIC VIEW) NOR EXTERNALLY (THE TRADITIONAL VIEW).

THE ALTERNATIVE THAT ELIMINATES THESE TWO EXTREMES IS BASED ON A CO-DEFINITION BETWEEN THE INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL SYSTEM. THIS IS THE NOTION OF ENACTION.

ENACTING MEANS TO MAKE EMERGE

"...the Varela's school is emphasizing that the external world acts as a mere "kick", which motivates the system to establish a new equilibrium characterized only by the necessities of self-support. For a biosemiotic approach this means that it is no longer concerned with the constraints of the mindbody-problem. Dualism becomes obsolete by the material circularity of autopoiesis. In a selfreferential system, meaning is the "inner side" of the material aspect of the system's closure." (Weber 2001)

the interaction between organisms and their environment is part of the more general scenario of ecology. It has been in fact stated that living organisms make and continuously change the environment in which they live, and vice versa, so that every act of consumption is also an act of production; also, that we must forget the idea that there is a constant and fixed world – as we are constantly changing it and cannot live without changing it. (Lewontin, 1991). From that, the difficulty of finding a healthy equilibrium that preserves as much as possible the identity of the living.

A DISCOVERY: THE CELLULAR (AUTOPOIETIC) DEFINITION OF LIFE ALSO APPLIES

TO MULTICELLULAR, MACROSCOPIC LIFE

THE HARD SCIENCE VIEW (material-based)

consciousness is a property of the mind ...

Mind is an emergent property of the brain

OTHER QUESTIONS ABOUT CONSCIOUSNESS...

-IS THERE ALWAYS A CONTENT IN THE CONSCIOUS EXPERIENCE?

-IS IT ALWAYS "MY" CONSCIOUSNESS? OR THERE IS ALSO A HIGHER DIMENSION?

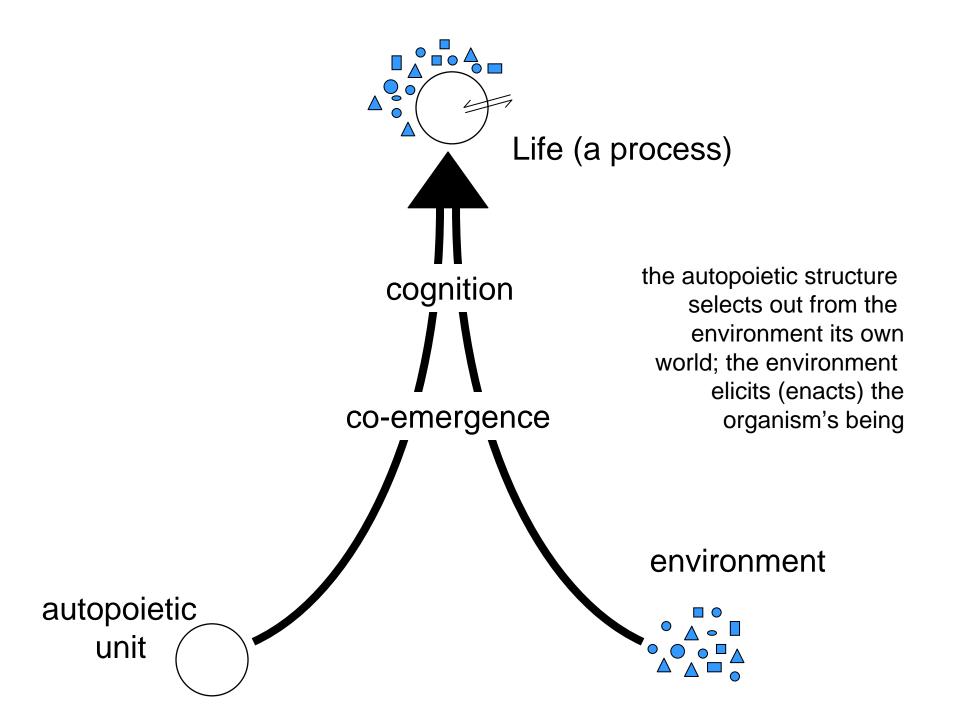
-LA COSCIENZA HA SEMPRE UN CONTENUTO? -SI TRATTA SEMPRE E SOLO DELLA "MIA" COSCIENZA? O C'E' ANCHE UNA DIMENSIONE SUPERIORE? A recent discussion panel at the last Genua Science Festival:

IS CONSCIOUSNESS MATERIAL-BASED OR

IS IT PRIMARY

(DOES NOT DEPEND ON SOMETHING ELSE) ?

HA LA COSCIENZA UNA BASE MATERIALE OPPURE E' PRIMARIA, CIOE' NON DIPENDE DA UN'ALTRA CAUSA? **QUESTION: ARE THE PROTEINS OF LIFE THE ONLY ONES THAT COULD BE FORMED-AND GAVE ORIGIN TO LIFE BY A DETERMINISTIC** (**OBLIGATORY**) **SERIES OF EVENTS** OR **ARE THEY THE PRODUCT OF CONTINGENCY(CHANCE) AND LIFE IS ALSO A PRODUCT OF CONTINGENCY?**





Whenever you encounter a network whose operations eventually produce itself as a result, you are facing an autopoietic system. It produces itself. The system

is open to the input of matter but closed with regard to the dynamics

of the relations that generate it."

MATURANA 2004

Presently: work with THE PURE SYSTEM, A kit with only 37 enzymes (plus the ribosomes) capable of expressing proteins

Developed by Ueda and coworkers in Tokyo in th early 2000 **R. C. Lewontin** (Lewontin, 1991) mentions that the atmosphere that we all breathe was not on earth before living organisms and adds:

... there is no "environment" in some independent and abstract sense. Just as there is no organism without an environment, there is no environment without an organism. Organisms do not experience environments. They create them. They construct their own environments out of the bits and pieces of the physical and biological world, and they do so by their own activities.

THE IMPORTANCE OF IMMANENCE

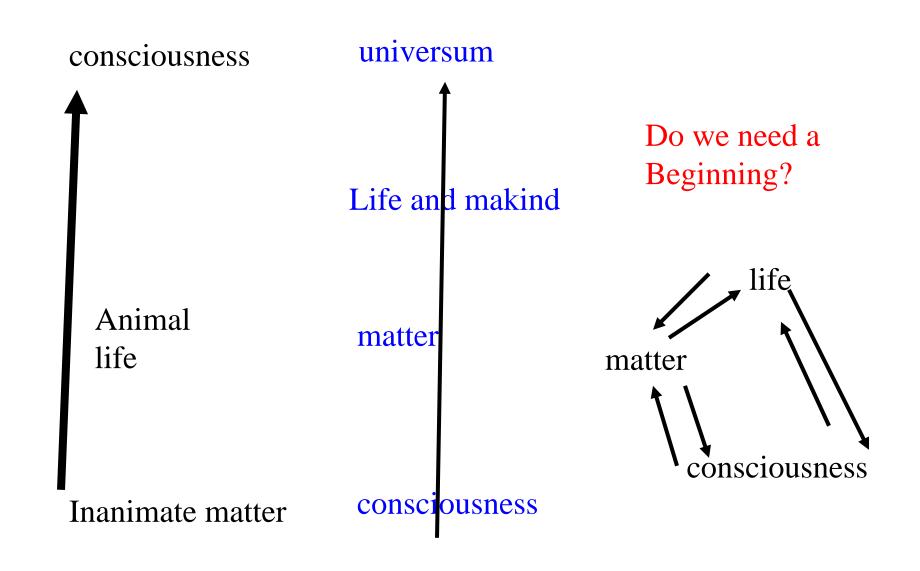
• (THE VIEW FROM WITHIN)

Is it all based on molecules and their interactions?

"If life follows from (primordial) soup with causal dependability, the laws of nature encode a hidden subtext, a cosmic *imperative, which tell them:* 'Make life! And, through life, its by-products mind, knowing, understanding...". Paul Davis, 1991

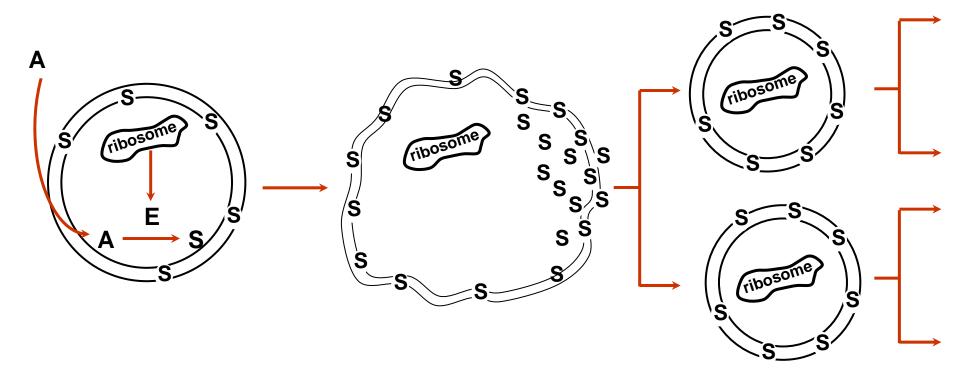
QUESTIONS FOR THE DIALOGUE SCIENCE/RELIGION:

The science view religion view



Protein expression inside the liposomes and next step (minimal cell) Working plan

3. Production of the boundary as in 2., and with self-reproduction of the ribosomes and of the DNA-machinery



How many genes are then necessary?





Under study-not yet done

AS A WAY OF CONCLUSION.1 CONCERNING THE TRANSITION TO LIFE FROM THE INANIMATE MATTER:

1. IT HAS NOT BEEN IMPLEMENTED IN THE LAB YET. THEREFORE, IT REMAINS AN HYPOTHESIS. AND THE BOTTOM UP APPROACH SEEMS TO BE MADE IMPOSSIBLE BY THE LAWS OF CONTINGENCY-CONCEPTUALLY AND EXPERIMENTALLY

2.THE CONSTRUCTION OF SYNTHETIC LIVING CELLS APPEARS POSSIBLE USING EXTANT MACROMOLECULES. MOST SCIENTISTS BELIEVE, THAT "SOON", THIS WILL BE REALIZED.

THE NEW RESEARCH AREA ON THE MINIMAL CELLS INTERESTS NOW ABOUT ONE DOZEN GROUPS AROUND THE WORLD.

WHY IS THIS RESEARCH RELEVANT?

1. UNDERSTANDING THE CHEMICAL ESSENCE OF LIFE BY RECONSTRUCTING IT IN THE LAB

2. UNDERSTANDING OF THE EARLY CELLS

3.BIOTECHNOLOGICAL RELEVANCE (E.G., PROTEINS SYNTHESIS WITH SIMPLE LIPOSOME SYSTEMS

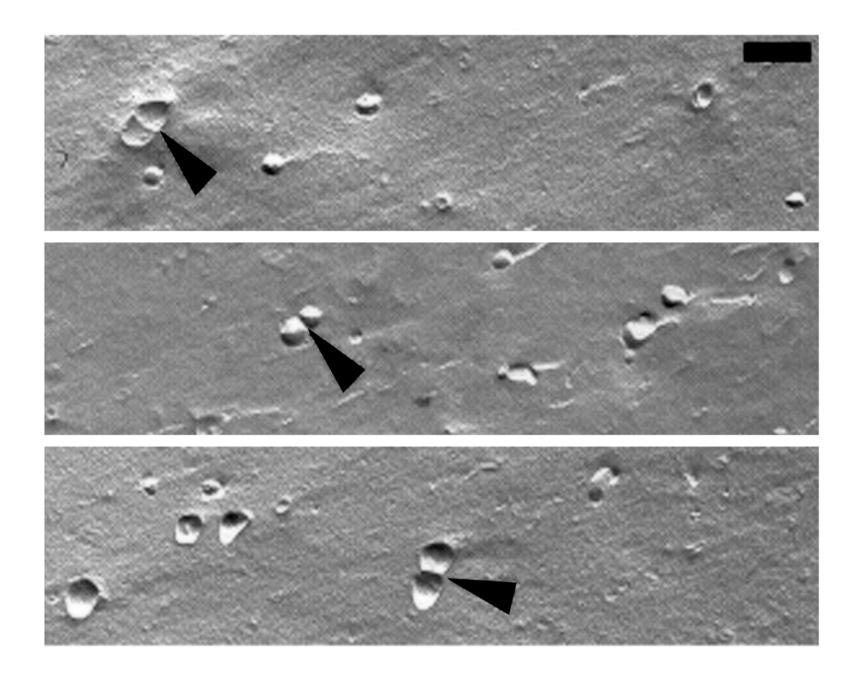
SOME MAIN ASSUMPTIONS OF PRESENT DAY RESEARCH ON THE ORIGIN OF LIFE

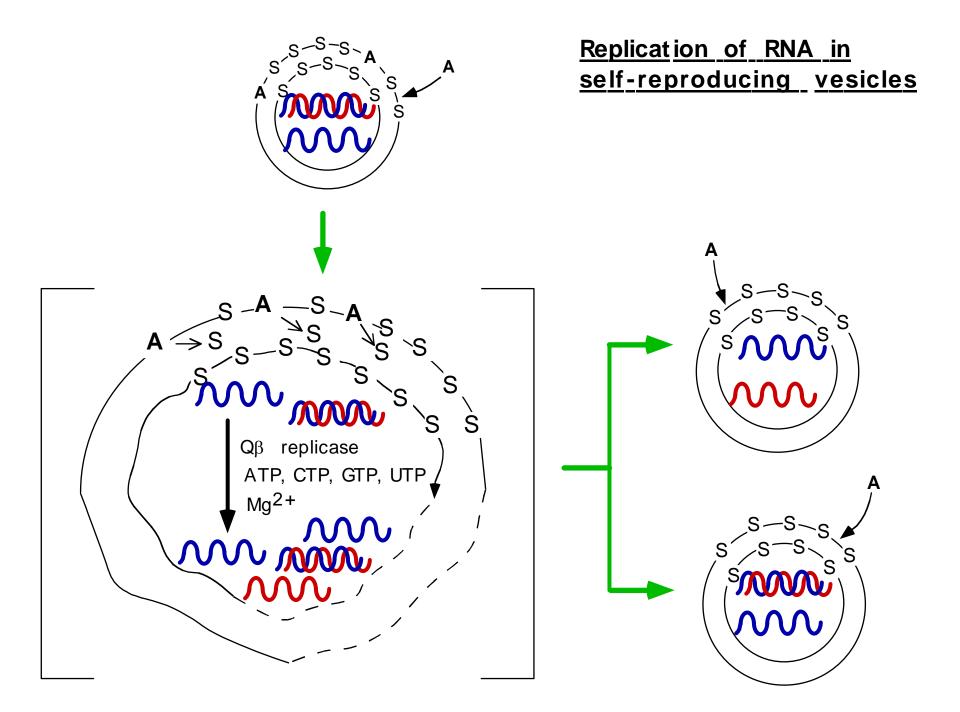
- Life originated from inanimate matter as a spontaneous and continuus increase of molecular complexity. Chemical continuity principle - no transcendent principle.
- 2. The chemical process(es) to transition to life can be reproduced in the laboratory with the presently available chemical techniques and chemicals.
- 3. And this can be implemented in a reasonable inanimate (hours or max, days) experimental time span matter once you know the right combination of prebiotic compounds and theconditions.
- 4. Since there is no documentation on how things really happened, there is no obligatory research pathway.

To start this project in the laboratory, you need

a "compartment"

Which is a good model for the biological cellular membrane





Experimental observation: ,,Our" proteins have nothing special from the folding or stability point of view

Temptative conclusion : Lacking special features, they are probably the products of contingency

Another conclusion about the reconstruction of life from prebiotic molecules:

The re-making of our present macromolecular sequences is made difficult or impossible by the laws of contingency :

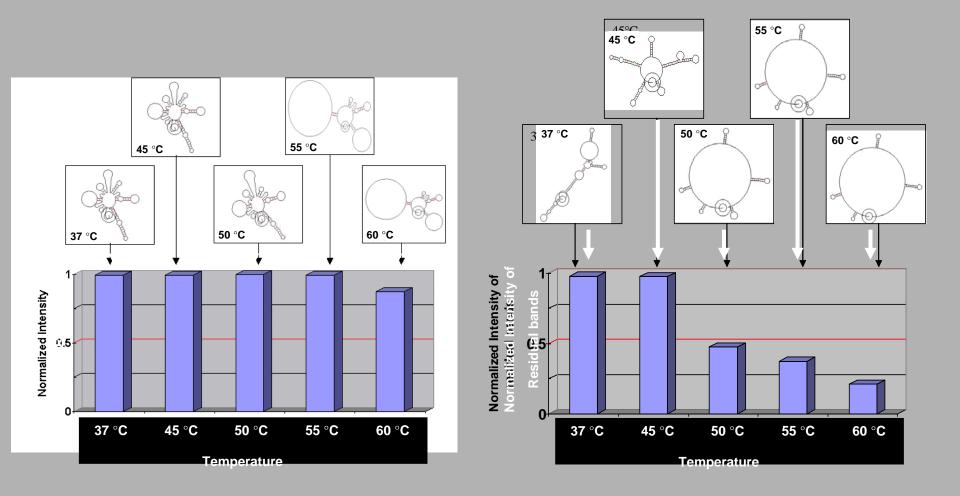
..you can make different ones, and show that in principle this pathway is possible. People have done so by taking different approaches

The never born Rnas

And the study of their folding/stability

Davide de lucrezia

RNA S1-DIGESTION EXAMPLES



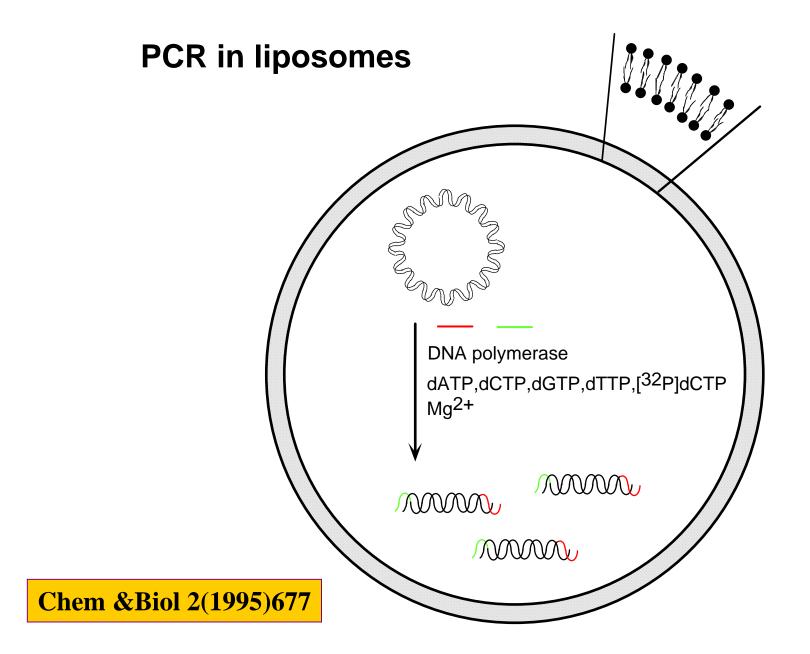
Clone p32

Clone p33

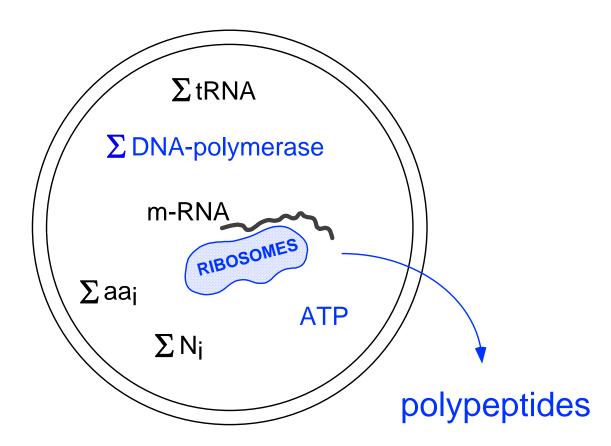
RNA structure prediction by RNA DRAW (Zuker, Nucleic Acid Res 1981)

EU PROJECT ON THE MINIMAL CELL, FW 6

- A COLLABORATION BETWEEN
- ALFRED FAHR, JENA
- WOLFANG WEIGAND MUENICH
- PETER NIELSEN DENMARK
- PETER STRAZEWWSKI, LYON
- P.L. LUISI, ROME



protein biosynthesis in liposomes



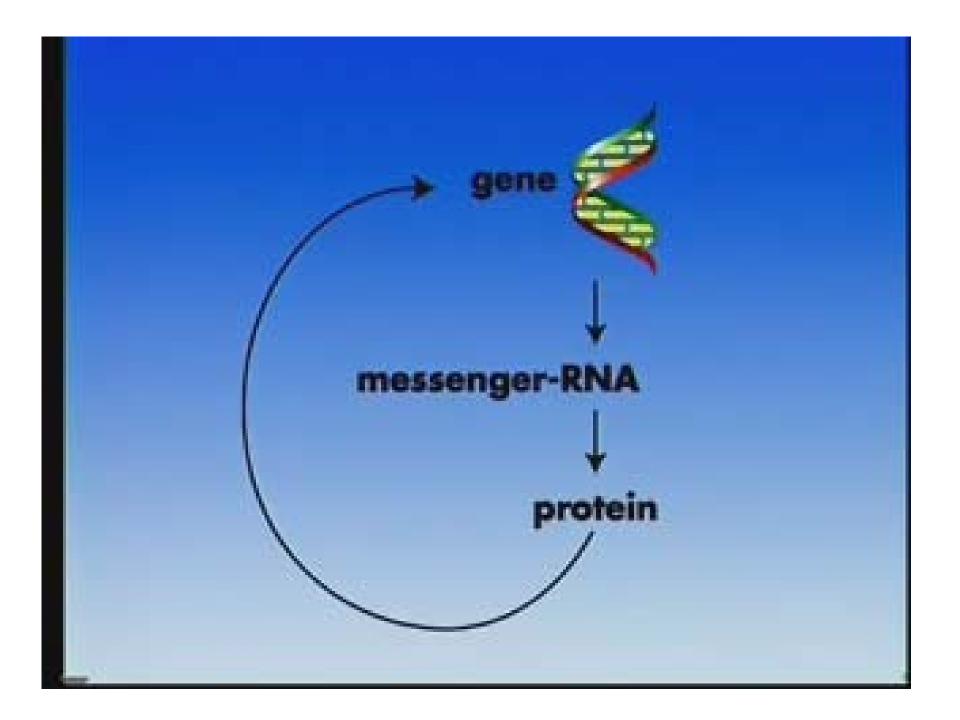
Oberholzer et al., 1999 (only poly-phe)

Bioch.bioph.Res.comm 261(1999)238

- How far is it master?

- That is irrelevant. Hold your tongue and walk!





FROM THE PRAGMATIC POINT OF VIEW

• IT PERMITS TO CONCEIVE AND CONSTRUCT CHEMICAL MODELS IN THE LABORATORY

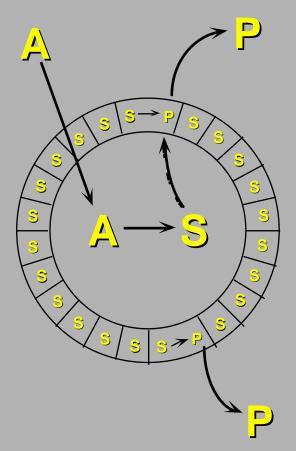
About the philosophical framework

IS THE ORIGIN OF LIFE ON EARTH AN OBLIGATORY PATHWAY (IT HAD TO HAPPEN!) OR IS IT DUE TO CHANCE?

Determinism vs contigency

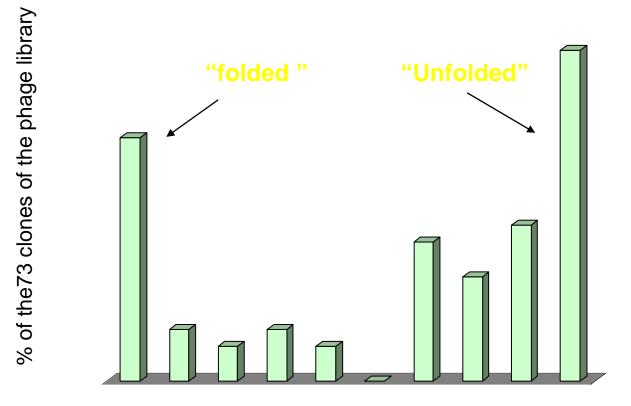
in the origin of life

THE MINIMAL AUTOPOIETIC SYSTEM



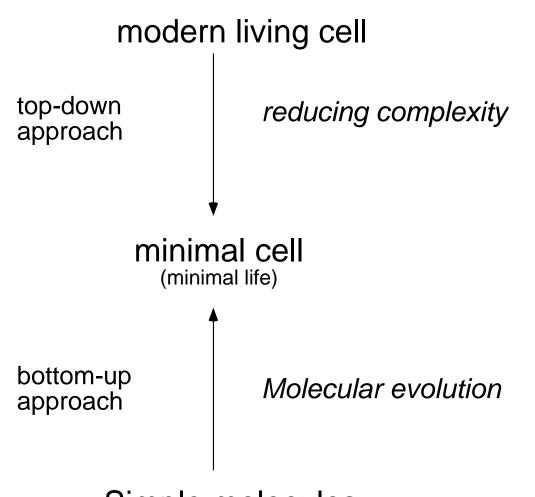
- $v_{gen} = \frac{d[S]}{dt}$; $v_{dec} = \frac{-d[S]}{dt}$
- if v_{gen} = v_{dec} homoestasis
- if v_{gen} > v_{dec} self reproduction
 - if Vgen less than v dec, death

DISTRIBUTION OF THE PEPTIDE LIBRARY WITH RESPECT TO THROMBIN DIGESTION



% digestion categories

two working directions



Simple molecules

THE ALTERNATIVE APPROACH TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE MINIMAL CELL:

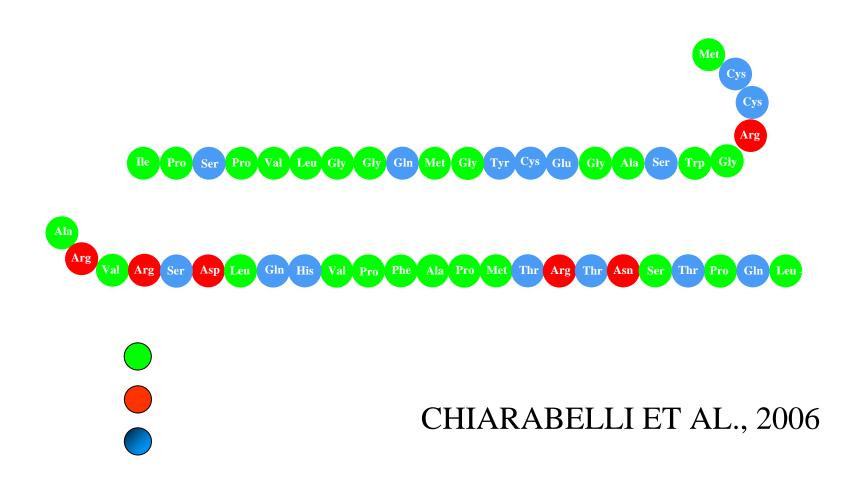
USE THE EXTANT NUCLEIC ACIDS AND PROTEINS

..this is not the approach to the origin of life

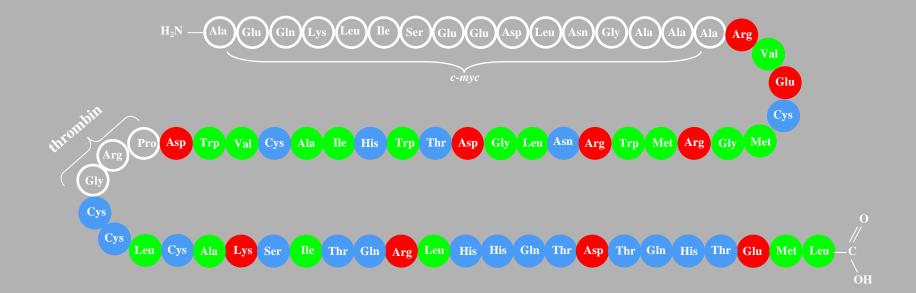
But an approach to make cellular life

from non-living components

POLYPEPTIDE NBP1 PRIMARY SEQUENCE

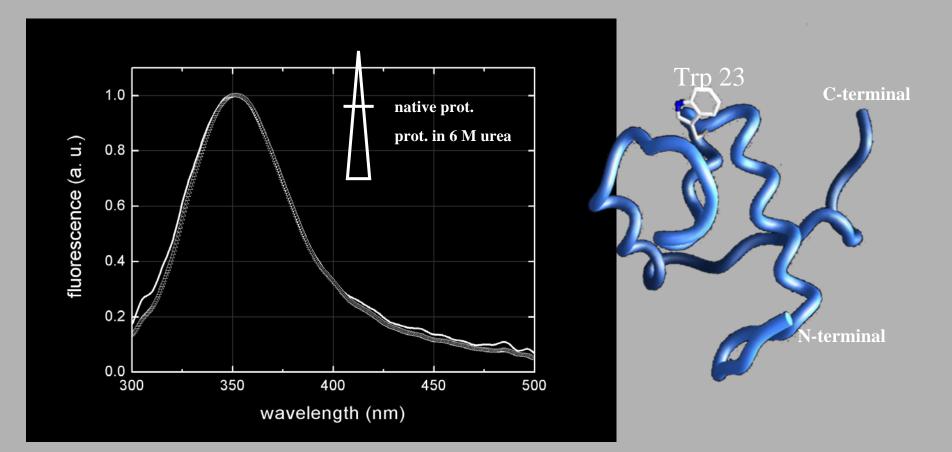


POLYPEPTIDE NBP127 PRIMARY SEQUENCE



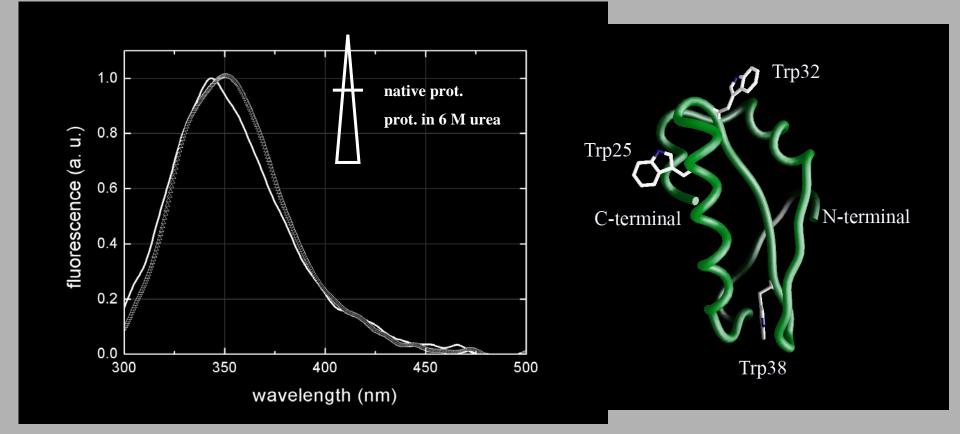
Non polar aa – 39%
Charged aa – 21%
Polar aa – 40%

FLUORESCENCE STUDIES NBP1

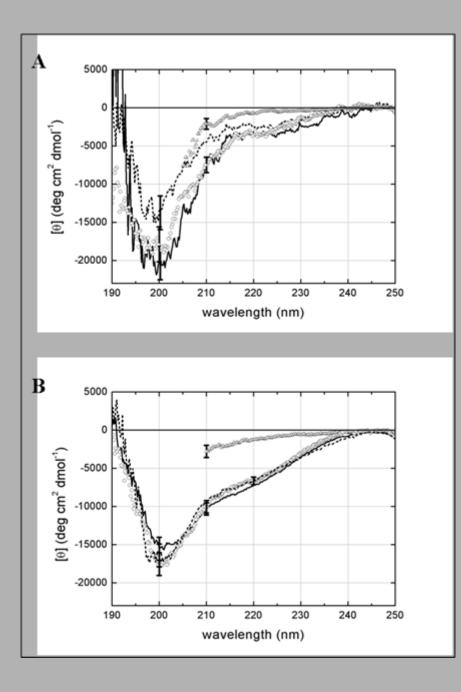


• The Trp residue could be exposed to the solvent

FLUORESCENCE STUDIES NBP127



One Tryptophan residue is localized in a zone less exposed to the solvent



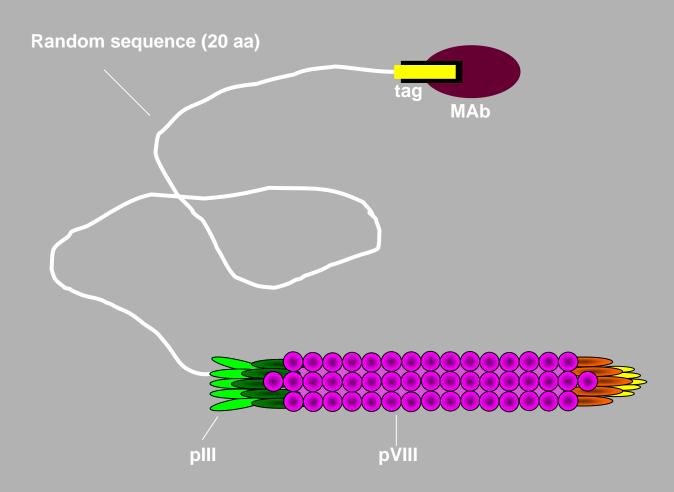
IN PROGRESS

• Library of random peptides with 20 residues

- …and corresponding library of RNA with 60 residues
- (Davide de Lucrezia and Fabrizio Anella)

The work on the minimal living cell Is connected with the study of the early cells - namely the protocells at the time before the advent of ribosomes and before the high selectivity of modern times —

PHAGE DISPLAY



(Schematic drawing not to scale)

Methodological approach

Use of RNAse S1,

single strand specific

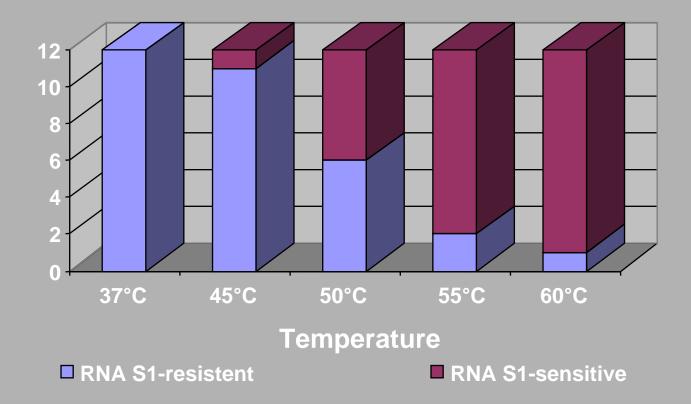
S1 mapping: analysis of single strand domains at different teperatures

RNA Folding Stability Test (RNA Foster)

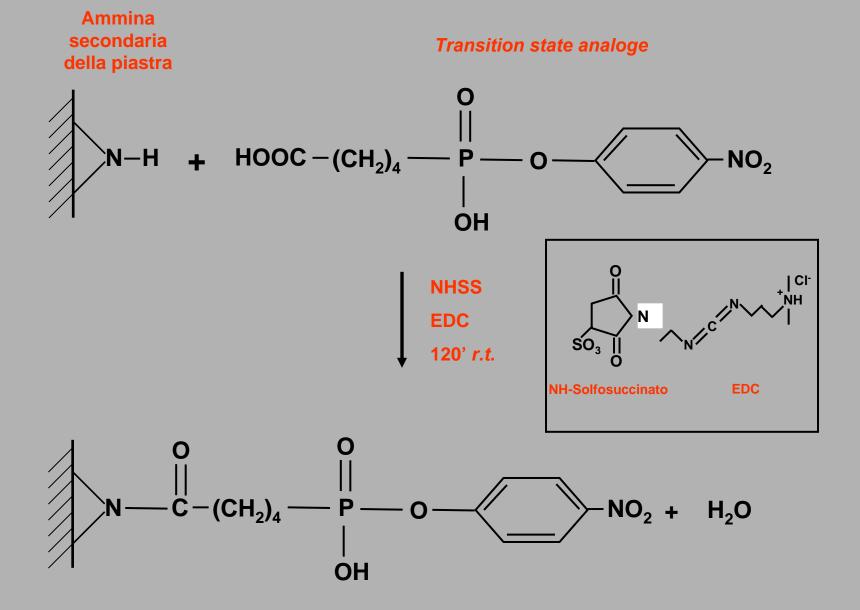
Sensibility to *S1* Temperature

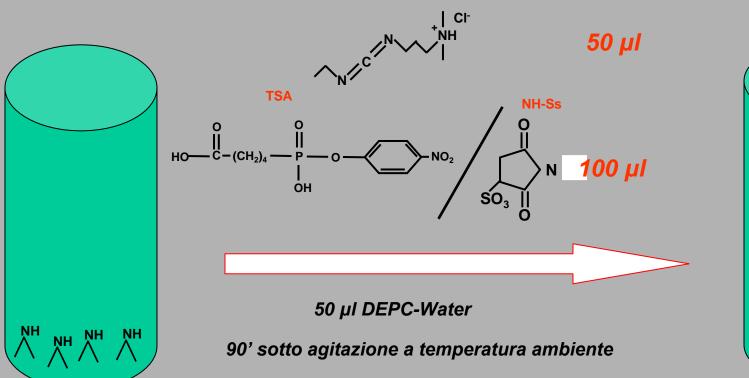
Sensibility to S1

Stability of structural domains

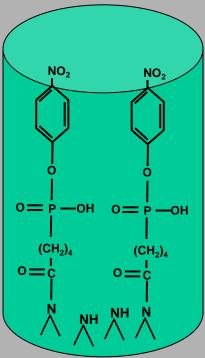


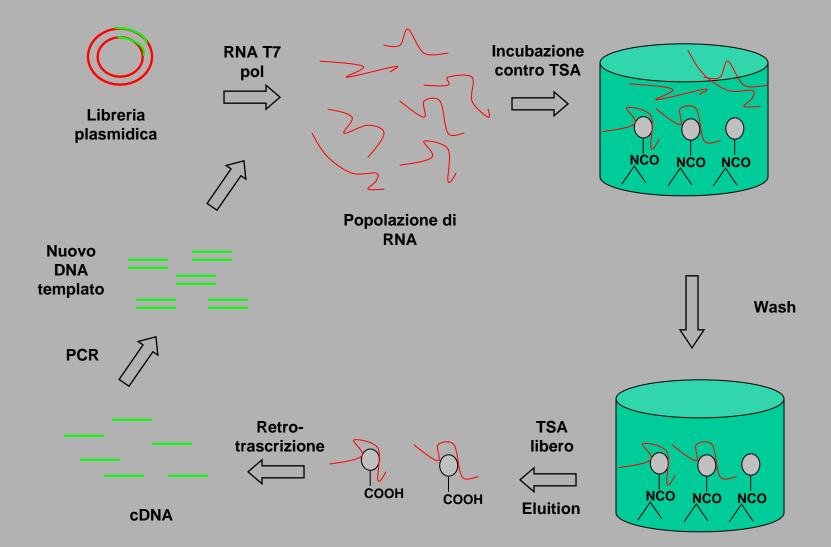
>Tutti gli RNA analizzati mostrano domini strutturali resistenti alla S1 a 37°C
>La Tm media si colloca nell'intervallo 45°C – 50°C
>Presenza di RNA con domini strutturali stabili oltre i 60°C

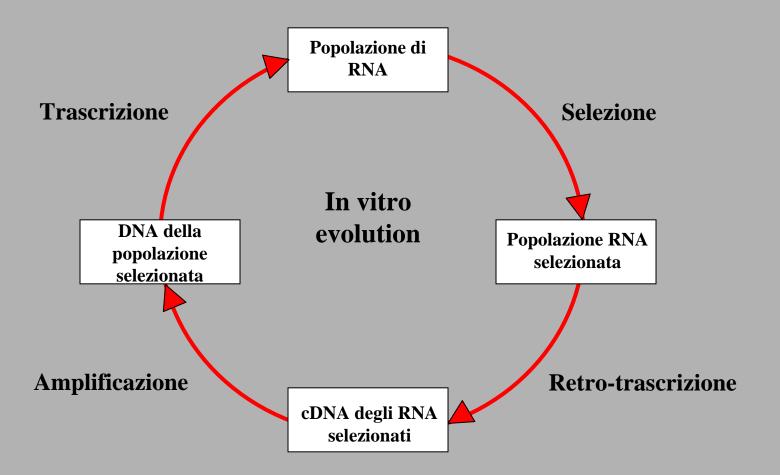




EDC







THE GAME OF THE TWO LISTS



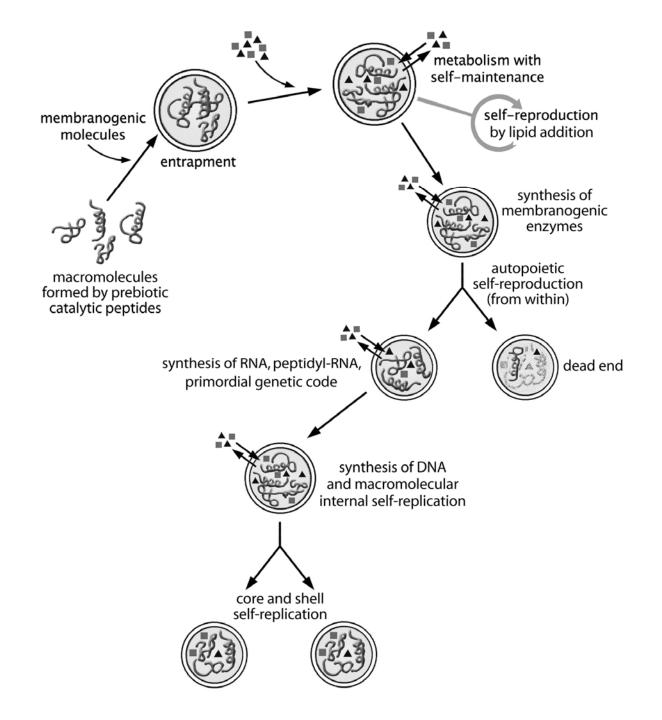
QUESTION: What discriminates the living from the non-living?

IN OTHER WORDS: What is the quality (or qualities) which is present in all members of the "living list" and which is not - and cannot - be present in any of the elements of the "non-living" list?

(movement? growth? reaction to stimuli? reproductivity? processing of energy arriving from outside? etc....)

THE MAIN ASSUMPTION OF THE SANTIAGO SCHOOL IS THE EQUIVALENCE BETWEEN THE PROCESS OF COGNITION AND THE PROCESS OF LIFE

ACCORDING TO THIS VIEW, BRAIN IS NOT NECESSARY FOR COGNITION: BACTERIA AND PLANTS DO NOT HAVE A BRAIN, THEY POSSESS HOWEVER COGNITIVE CAPABILITY



Is this life?

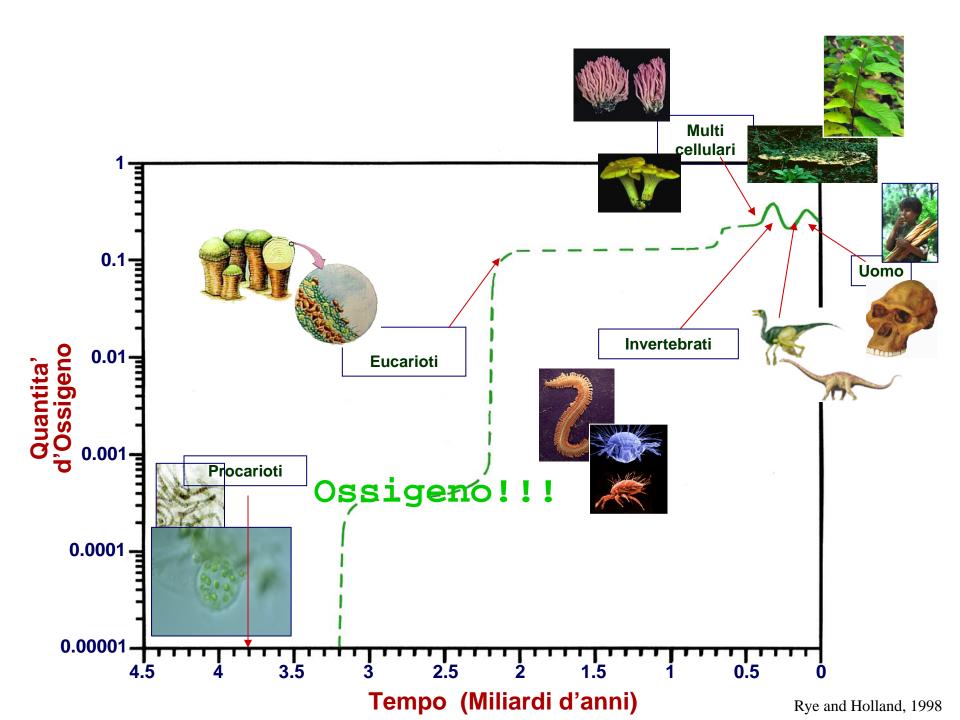
Not really. With progressive generations, the active components are diluted out because they are not fabricated by the compartment itself

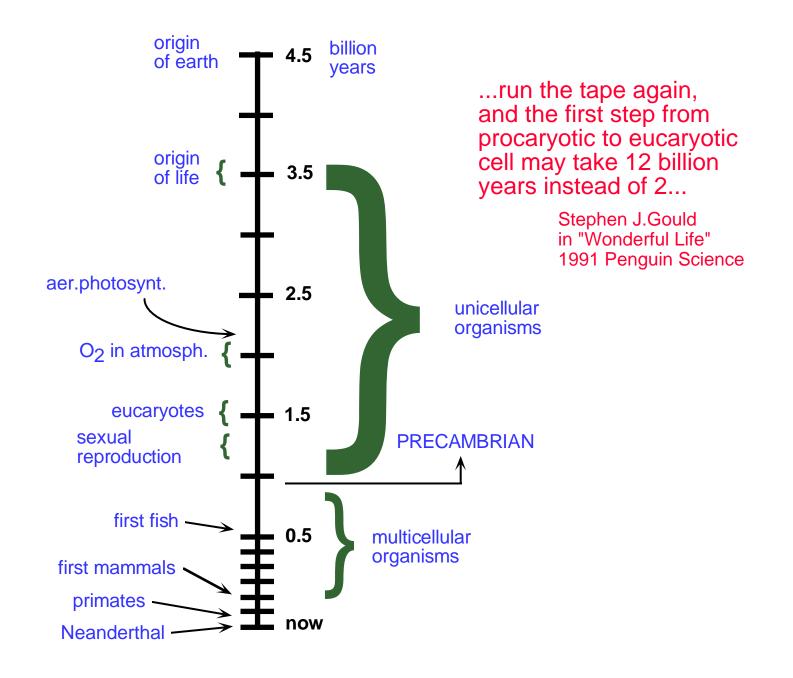
..death by dilution....

PROTEIN EXPRESSSION IN LIPOSOMES (MOSTLY GREEN FLUORESCENCE PROTEIN) HAS BEEN DESCRIBED BY SEVERAL GROUPS:

Oberholzer et al., 1999, 2001 Yomo et al., 2001 Tsumoto et al., 2001 Fischer et al, 2002 Nomura et al., 2003, Pietrini et al., 2004 Noireaux et al, 2004 Ishikawa et al, 2004

> In Roma3: Pasquale Stano, Giovanni Murtas, Paolo Carrara e Valentina





..where is the environment in all that?

The contradiction of the living: Biological autonomy, operational closure But

dependent from the environment for survival

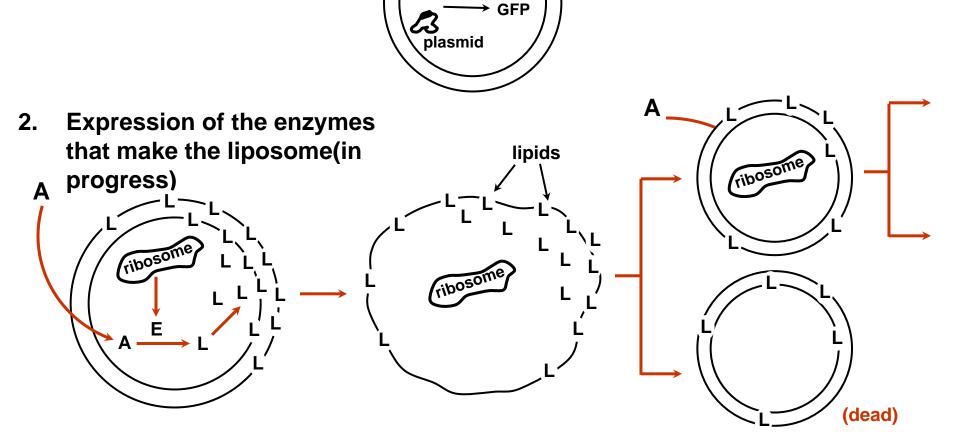
Maturana and Varela define as "**cognition**" the specific interaction with the environment

ON THE BASIS OF THE EQUIVALENCE **BETWEEN LIVING STRUCTURE AND** THE ACT OF COGNITION, THE OLD CARTESIAN SEPARATION BETWEEN MATTER AND SPIRIT IS SUPERSEEDED. THESE TWO CATEGORIES ARE NO LONGER DISTINCT ENTITIES, THEY ARE TWO FACES OF THE SAME **PHENOMENON:** LIFE

Protein expression inside the liposomes Working plan

ribosome

1. Expression of green fluorescent protein (GFP) or any other simple model protein



Cast the dice again and.....

And you will get a different set of macromolecules that do not necessarily support life

Important in autopoiesis:

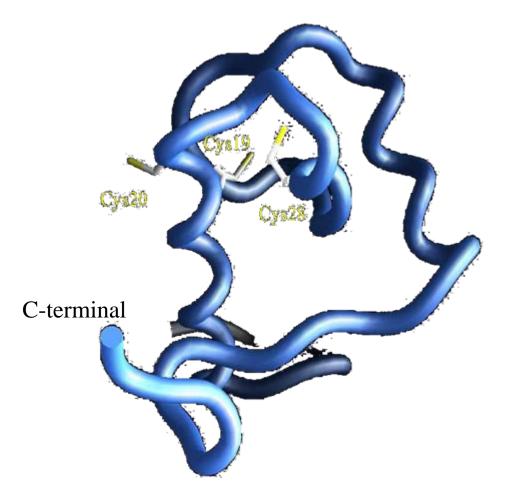
Relationship btween structure and self-organization

Self-organization is the invariant property, the relationship between the processes that produce the components The structure may be contingent, and may vary depending

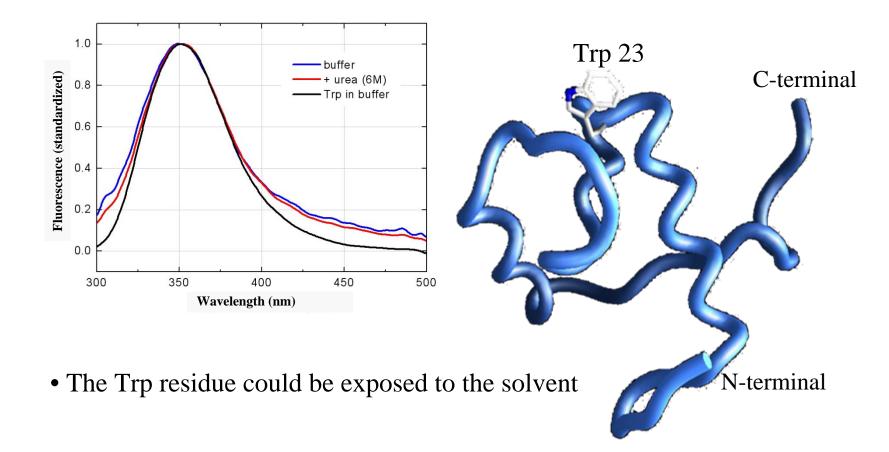
on evolution and other perturbations

Note: the two things are inseparable, there cannot be the one without the other in a living system

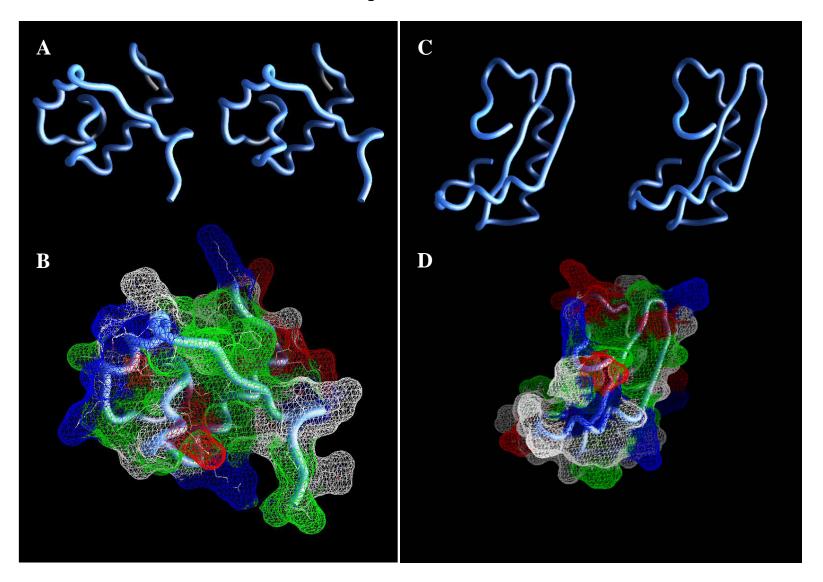
TRIDIMENTIONAL STRUCTURE PREDICTION Cys residues



FLUORESCENCE STUDIES



INVESTIGATION OF DE NOVO TOTALLY RANDOM BIOSEQUENCES II. ON THE FOLDING FREQUENCY IN A TOTALLY RANDOM LIBRARY OF DE NOVO PROTEINS OBTAINED BY PHAGE DISPLAY Reg. No CB-070



LIVING SYSTEMS TRANSFORM MATTER INSIDE THEMSELVES,

IN SUCH A WAY

THAT THE PRODUCT IS THEIR OWN ORGANIZATION

Maturana and Varela

VARIOUS HYPOTHESES ON THE ORIGIN OF LIFE ARE STILL NOWADAYS UNDER STUDY

LIFE STARTED FROM PREBIOTIC SOUP ON CLAY RNA FIRST PROTEINS FIRST MEMBRANE FIRST AT VERY HIGH TEMPERATURE ON ICE..... ARE WE ALONE IN THE UNIVERSE?? **CONCLUSIONS FROM THIS FIRST PART (WHAT IS LIFE?):**

THE BASIC FEATURES OF CELLULAR LIFE (AUTOPOIESIS, COGNITION) CAN BE EXPLAINED IN TERMS OF SELF-ORGANIZATION OF NON-LIVING COMPONENTS.

LIFE AND COGNITION ARE EMERGENT PROPERTIES

THIS APPEARS TO BE TRUE ALSO FOR HIGHER FORMS OF LIFE

ALL IS "IMMANENT", COMING FROM WITHIN. NO TRASCENDENT PRINCIPLE INVOKED. Andria, aprile 08 Pier Luigi Luisi UniRoma3

THE ORIGIN OF LIFE ON EARTH:

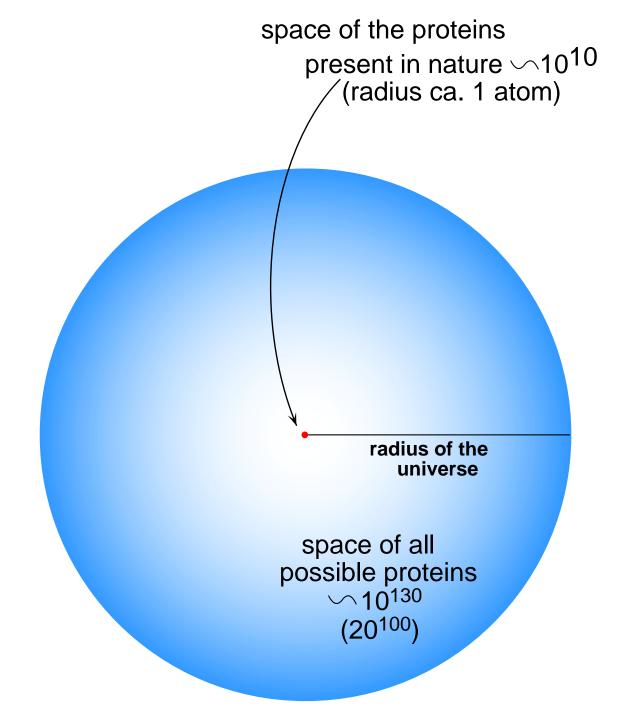
WHAT SCIENCE HAS TO SAY

The traditional definition: Science is the enterprise to explain the phenomenology of the world in terms of the natural laws

Science is only one part of the human activityand not the only way to explain the world the "continuity principle"

no unbridgeable gap between inorganic and living matter; each stage in evolution develops continuously from the previous one, at each stage there is a continuous path backwards to the prebiotic state and forward to modern organisms

Orgel; Morowitz; de Duve



CAN THIS HYPOTHESIS BE TESTED WITH EXPERIMENTS?

(THE BIRTH OF PREBIOTIC CHEMISTRY)

SOME MAIN ASSUMPTIONS OF PRESENT DAY RESEARCH ON THE ORIGIN OF LIFE

- 1. Life originated from inanimate matter as a spontaneous and continuus increase of molecular complexity. Chemical continuity principle - no transcendental principle.
- 2. The chemical process(es) to transition to life can be reproduced in the laboratory with the presently available chemical techniques and chemicals.
- 3. And this can be implemented in a reasonable inanimate (hours or max, days) experimental time span matter once you know the right combination of prebiotic compounds and theconditions.
- 4. Since there is no documentation on how things really happened, there is no obligatory research pathway.

THE NOTION OF SELF-ORGANIZATION

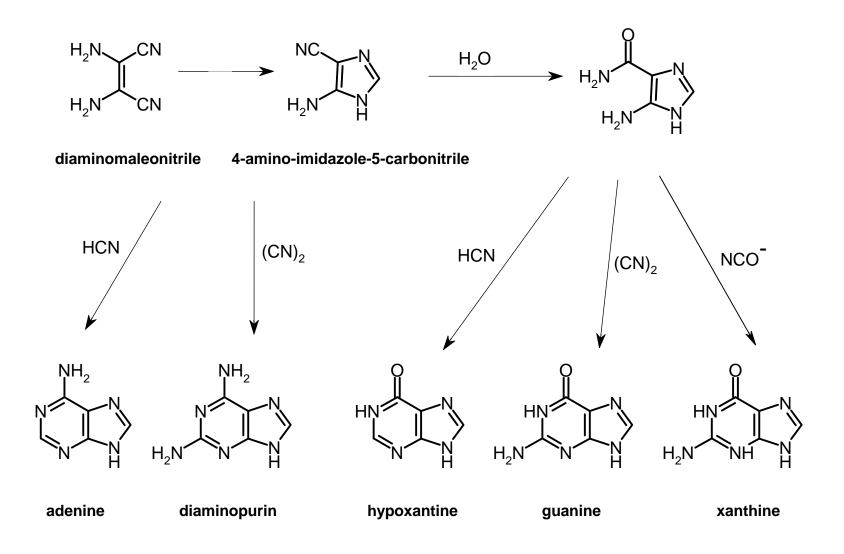
AND THE NOTION OF EMERGENCE

TWO PILLARS OF THE MODERN SCIENTIFIC VIEW OF COMPLEXITY

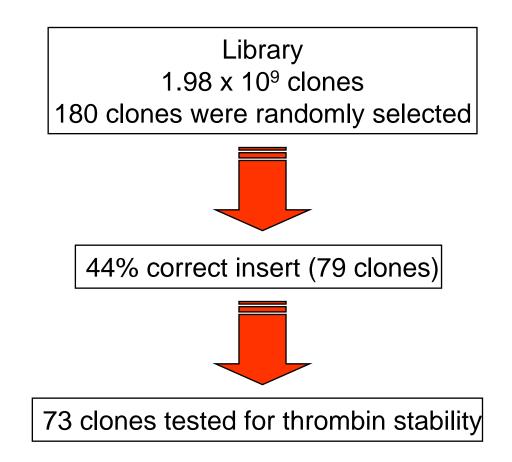
The traditional definition: Science is the enterprise to explain the phenomenology of the world in terms of the natural laws X to discover new phenomena and new laws of nature

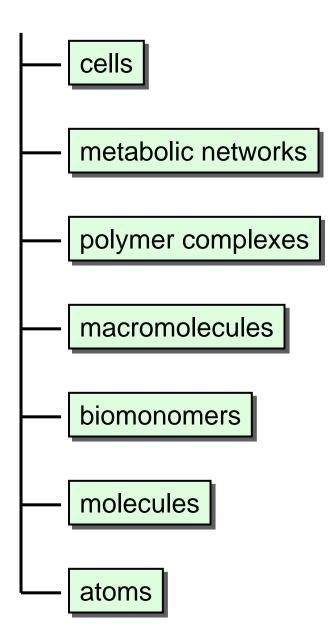
..not the only way to explain the world

Synthesis of purines Oró, 1960



ANALYSIS OF THE PEPTIDE PHAGE LIBRARY





THE INCREASE OF COMPLEXITY TOWARDS THE EMERGENCE OF LIFE PROCEEDS VIA THE INTERPLAY BETWEEN SELF-ORGANIZATION AND EMERGENCE

SELF-ORGANIZATION:

THE CAPABILITY OF THE

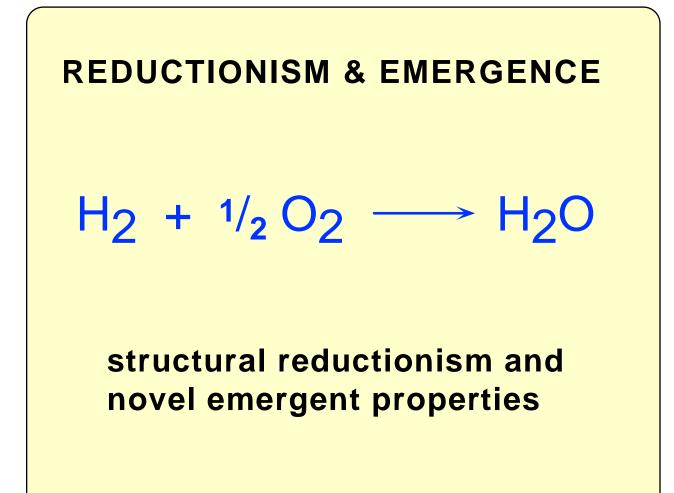
SYSTEM TO SPONTANEOUSLY ASSEMBLE INTO AN ORDERED STATE (because this is the more stable form)

..the duplex of DNA, protein folding, chromatin, membranes, soap bubbles, the bee hive, muscle fibers

Emergence:

the formation of a higher complexity level brings about **NOVEL properties** that are not present in the basic components

..the whole is more than the sum of the parts ...holism

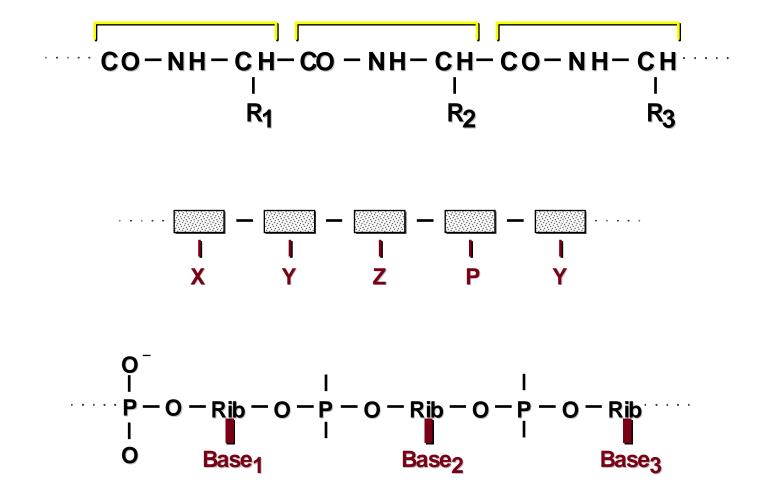


A DISCOVERY: THE CELLULAR (AUTOPOIETIC) DEFINITION OF LIFE ALSO APPLIES

TO MULTICELLULAR, MACROSCOPIC LIFE

Life is an emergent property:

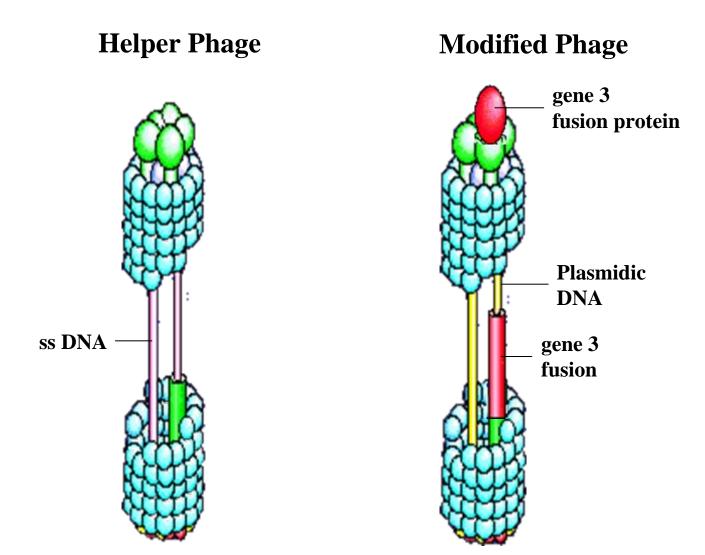
the components (nucleic acids, proteins, lipids, sugars etc) are per se' not living; When they are assembled together in a particular space/time structure, then life emerges



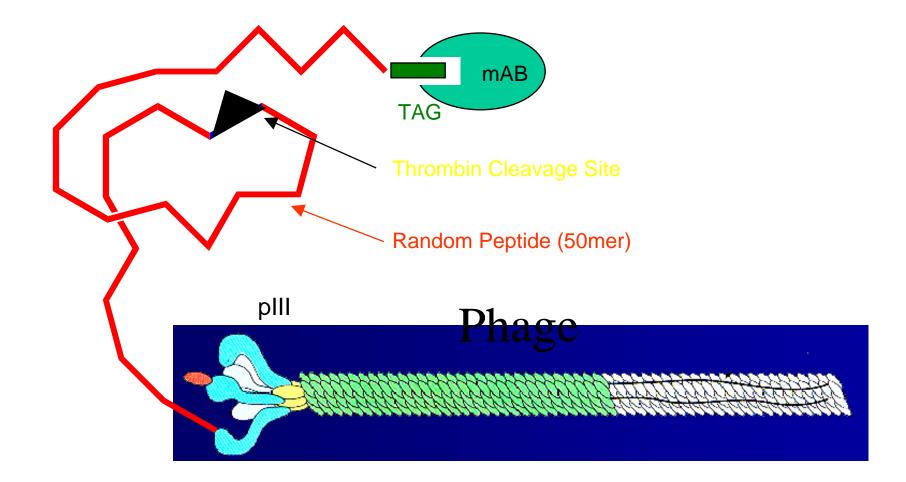
The cellular ,,definition" of life:

A system spatially defined by a boundary of its own makingand which is self-sustaining by re-generating the system's components from the inside

PHAGEMID VECTOR SYSTEM IN PHAGE DISPLAY



STRATEGY FOR THE ISOLATION OF FOLDED PEPTIDES



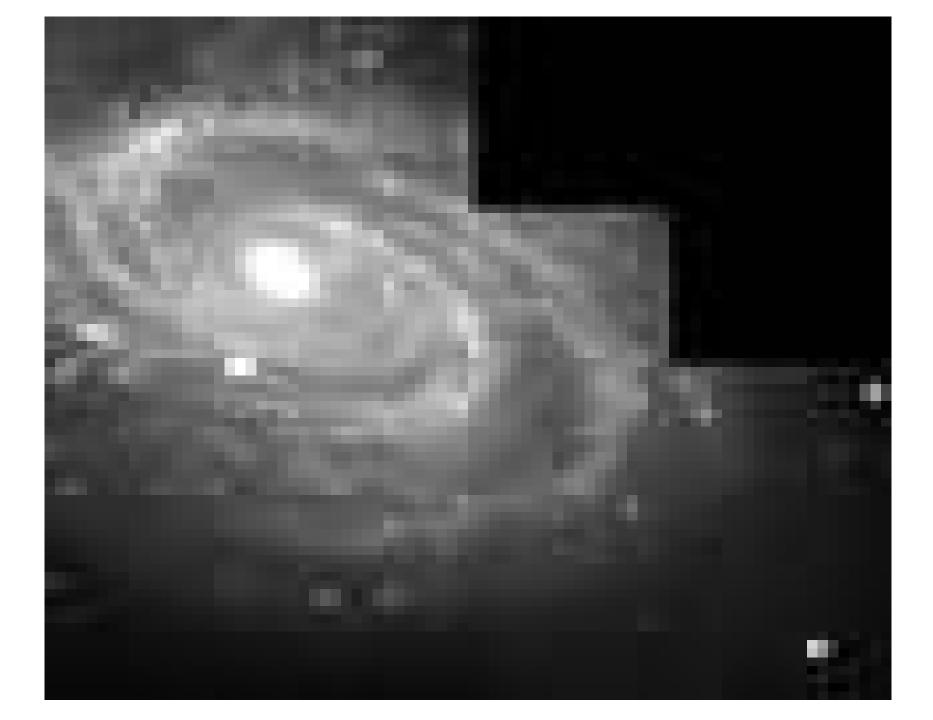
The narrative of the BigBang

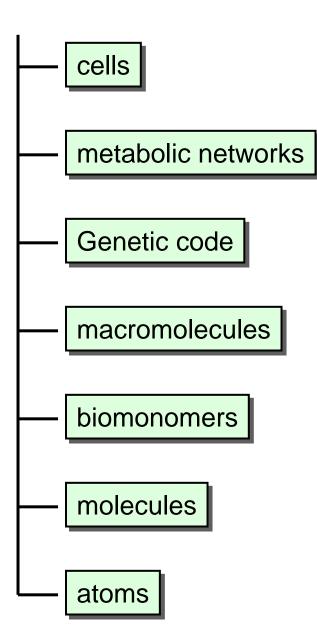
- 13.7 billion years ago: BB and creation of time, space,heat, laws of nature
- After 1/100 sec.: t ca. 100 million C, density 4 billion more than water density
- After 3.6 min: t= 30 million C, and formation of protons and neutrons and then formation of Hydrogen and Helium atoms, (³/₄ and ¹/₄, as ca. today)
- After 300-400 million years: H and He build gigantic cold clouds with high density
- As temp. goes down to -170 C, these clouds collap, forming the first galaxies and stars

... the narrative of the BigBang

- 5 billions years ago: formation of "our" mother cloud, from which our solar system
- Inside the sstars, nuclear fusion of He and H produces the first heavy atoms, C, O, N, Si, Fe
- And then the first molecules, CO, ammonia, water, CS
- From these particles, formation of the "planetesimals", which eventually forms planets









Aleksandr Oparin (1894 – 1980)

autopoietic unity = minimal life

" an autopoietic unity is able to selfgenerate owing to a reaction network taking place within its own boundary "

(the reaction network makes all components of the unit, including the boundary.)

Varela et al., Biosystems, <u>5</u> (1974) 187

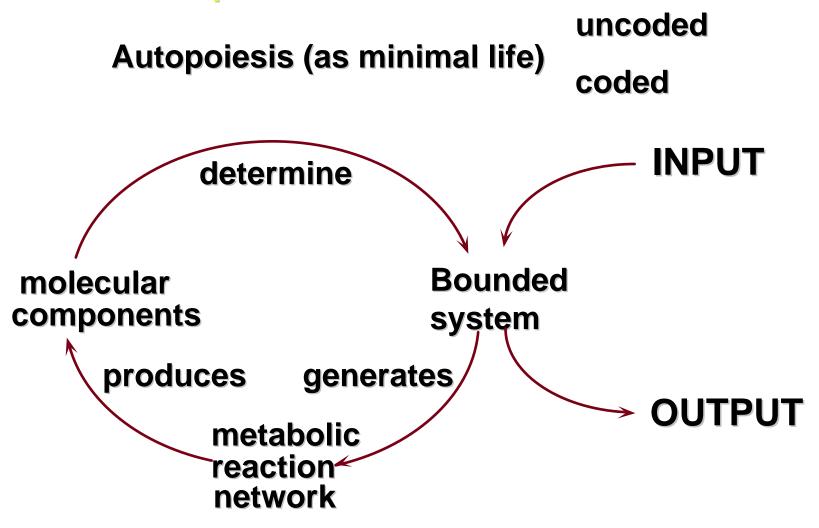
" self-generate" -----

self-maintenance or self-reproduction

in general

self-reproduction \neq self-replication

Autopoiesis is the most general pattern of minimal life. It does not specify the actual structures and their mechanistic processes.



... in other words,

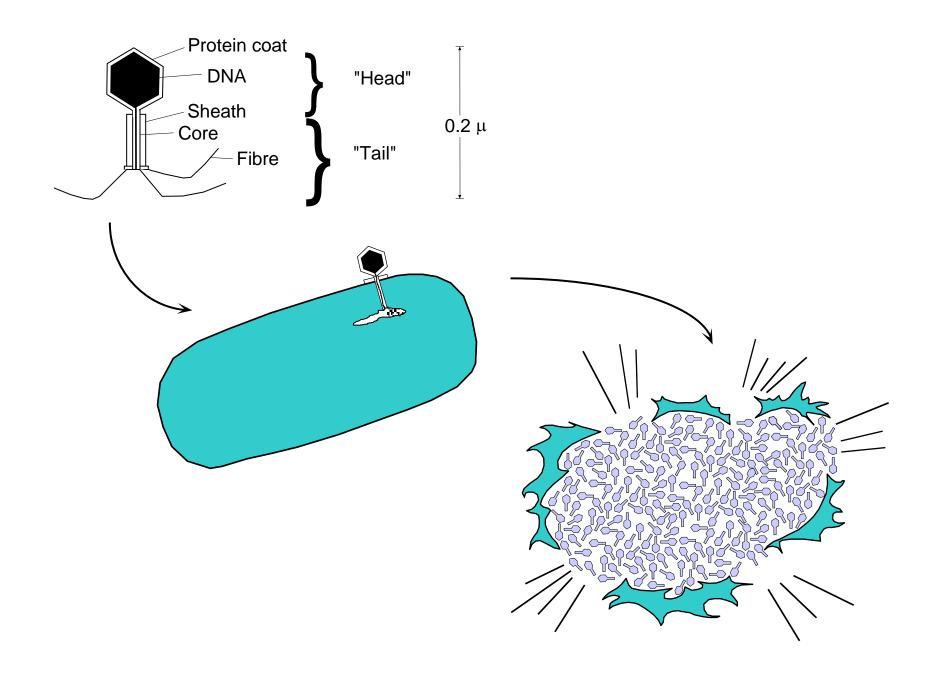
The living system is defined by its organization, and therefore must be interpreted in terms of relations among the components And not in terms of the properties of the components

Life is an emergent property:

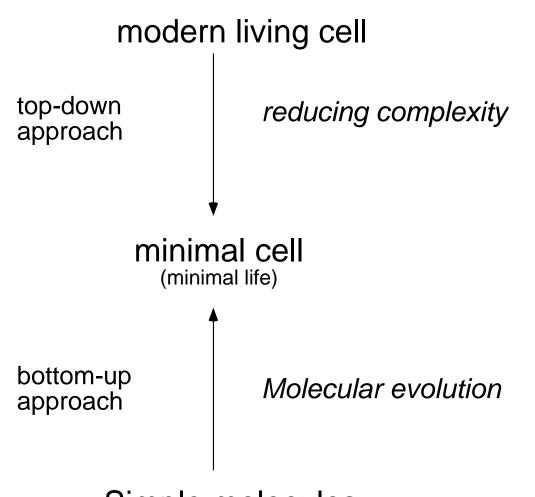
the components (nucleic acids, proteins, lipids, sugars etc) are per se' not living; When they are assembled together in a particular space/time structure, then life emerges

Emergence, emergent properties: the formation of a higher complexity brings about NOVEL properties which are not present in the basic components

..the whole is more than the sum of the parts ...holism

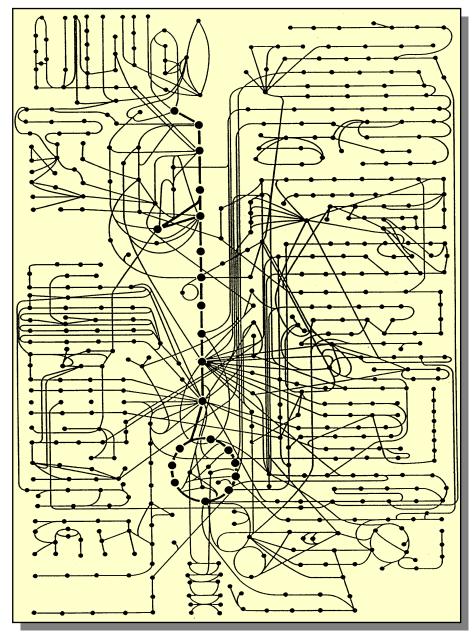


two working directions



Simple molecules

A maze illustrating the chemical reactions that interconvert small molecules in cells.



Is this complexity really necessary for minimal cellular Life?

...recognizing that early cells could not have started with such complexity

What about the early minimal cells?

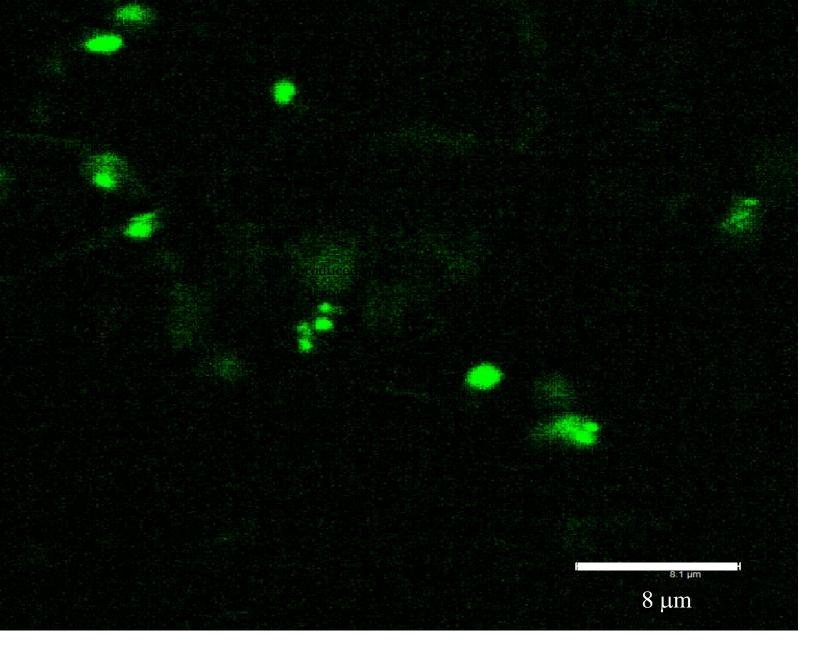


Figure 4. Confocal images of EGFP fluorescent liposomes. From ref. [36].

What can be the minimal size of a living cell?

We could see protein expression inside kiposomes with 100 nm radius

Bacteria can in principle exist with this size

Consciousness is....

-knowing that you know (being aware of being aware)
-Sapere di sapere (essere consapevoli della propria consapevolezza)

-the subjective acknoweledgment of experience (such as sensory perceptions, or thought)
-il riconoscimento soggettivo dell'esperienza (come la percezione sensoriale, o di un pensiero)

