

openModeller

new computational tools for ecological niche modelling

CRIA, INPE, Poli-USP

IEA-USP 2008



Why openModeller?

- Proof of concept: specimen occurrence data as infrastructure for research and policy making
- First prototype developed as part of the speciesLink project (2001-2005)
 - Open source, C++, available at sourceforge
 - Attracted international collaboration: University of Kansas and University of Reading



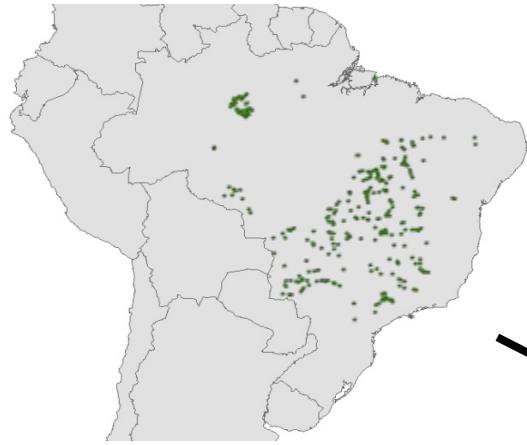
Why openModeller?

- Modeling process is usually quite **complex** and time consuming
- requires great expertise in a number of software and tools (different formats, different software, ...)
- framework capable of dealing with different projections, coordinate systems, and formats
- By using such a framework, specialists would be able to concentrate more on the analysis then on preparation of data

Thematic project funded by Fapesp (2006 – 2009)

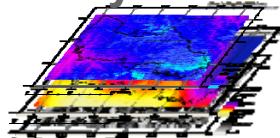
Occurrence

data



Environmental

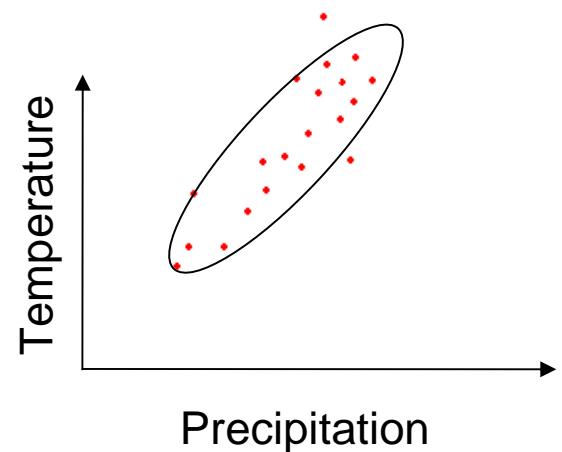
layers



algorithm



Distribution model
(environmental space)

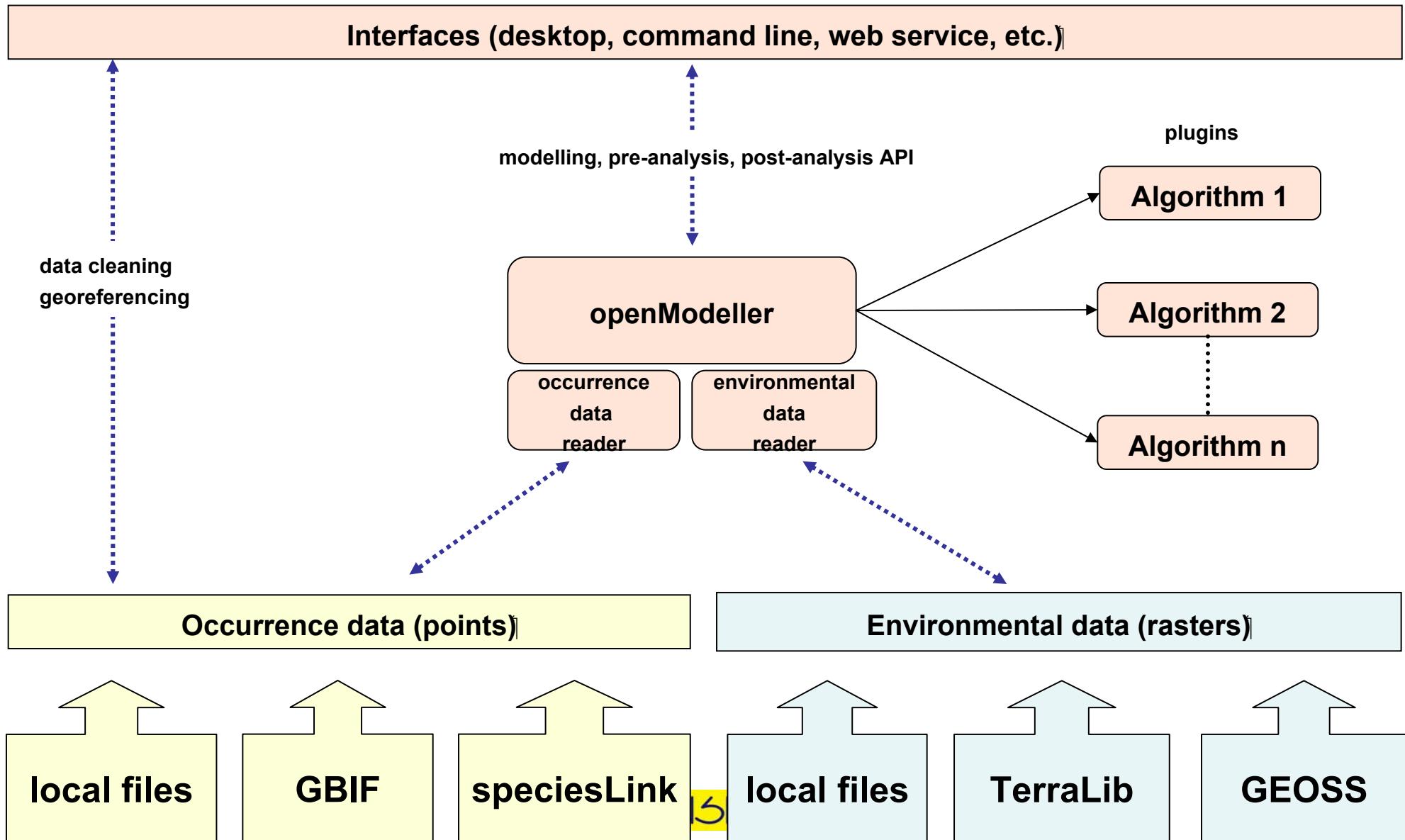


openModeller basic functions

- Work with multiple algorithms.
- Allow different interfaces on top of the same library (desktop, command line, web)
- Support different input formats (for both points and rasters).
- Platform independent (runs on GNU/Linux, Mac OSX and Windows).



openModeller architecture



Reference Center on Environmental Information



Brazilian not-for-profit, non-governmental organization that aims to contribute towards a more sustainable use of Brazil's biodiversity through dissemination of high quality information.



www.cria.org.br

The speciesLink network (splink.cria.org.br)



A screenshot of the speciesLink homepage. At the top left, there's a circular image of a yellow and black bird perched on a branch. To its left, a white speech bubble contains the text "english" at the top and "o projeto" below it. Below the image, the word "species" is written in orange and "link" in grey. To the right of the word "link" are logos for UEPG (Universidade Estadual de Ponta Grossa) and USP (Universidade de São Paulo). On the left side of the page, there's a sidebar with the text "159 coleções e sub-coleções", "2,909,295 registros on-line", "1,299,714 georeferenciados", "260,132 nomes diferentes de espécies", and the date "22 oct 2008 - 03:05". Below this sidebar is a section titled "indicadores" with a dotted line graphic. On the right side, there's a section titled "dados e ferramentas" featuring a small image of several specimen tags. The overall layout is clean and modern.

english

o projeto

species link

159 coleções e sub-coleções
2,909,295 registros on-line
1,299,714 georeferenciados
260,132 nomes diferentes de espécies
22 oct 2008 - 03:05

indicadores

dados e ferramentas

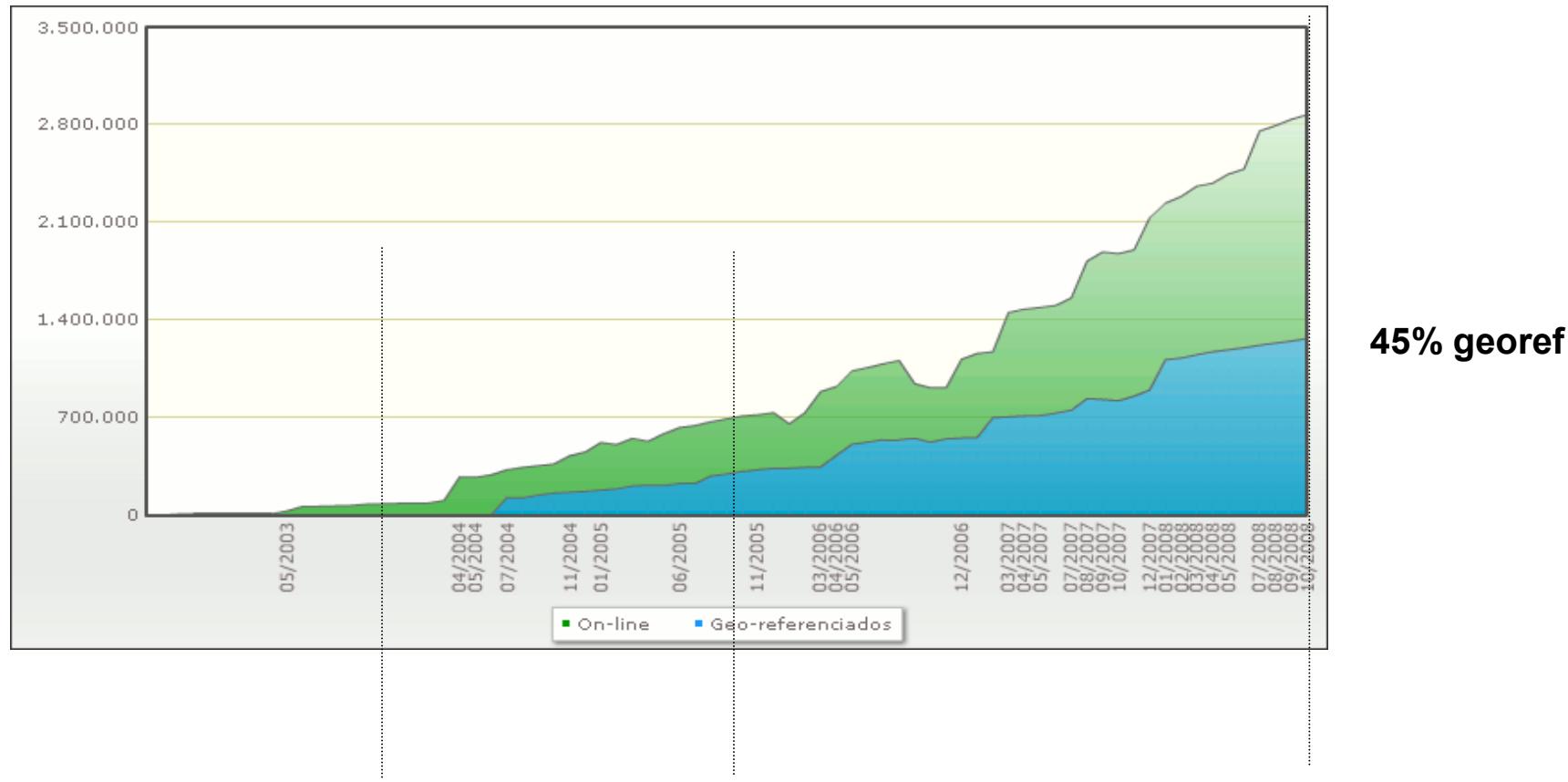
speciesLink é um sistema distribuído de Informação que integra em tempo real, dados primários de coleções científicas. O sistema foi desenvolvido graças ao apoio das instituições: FAPESP, GBIF, JRS Foundation e CRIA.

UEPG USP

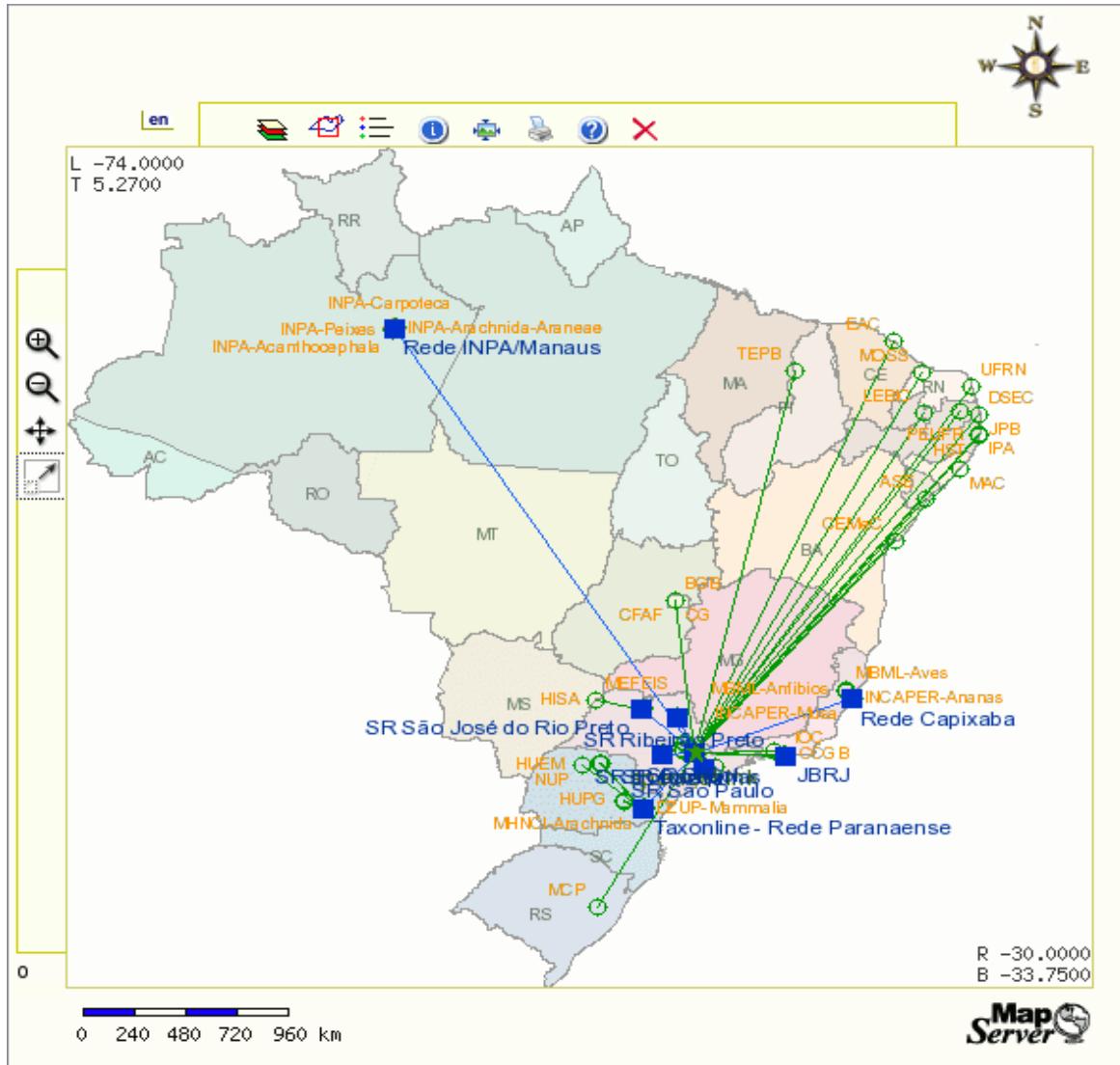


POLI USP

speciesLink evolution



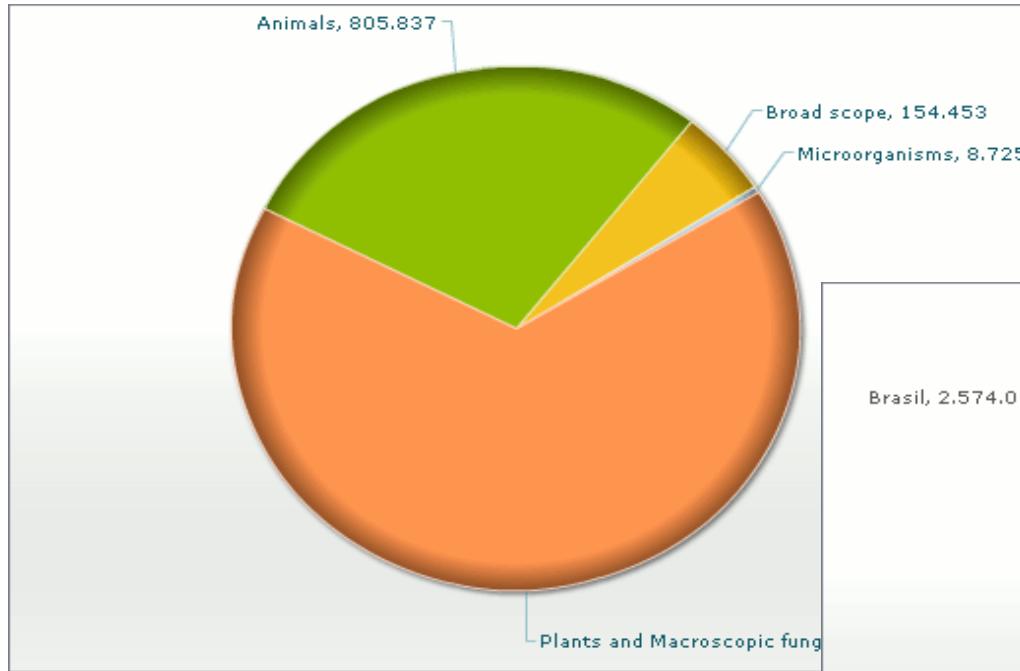
speciesLink regional servers



+ coleções de países amazônicos

+ repatriação de dados NYBG, MOBOT, ...

speciesLink indicators

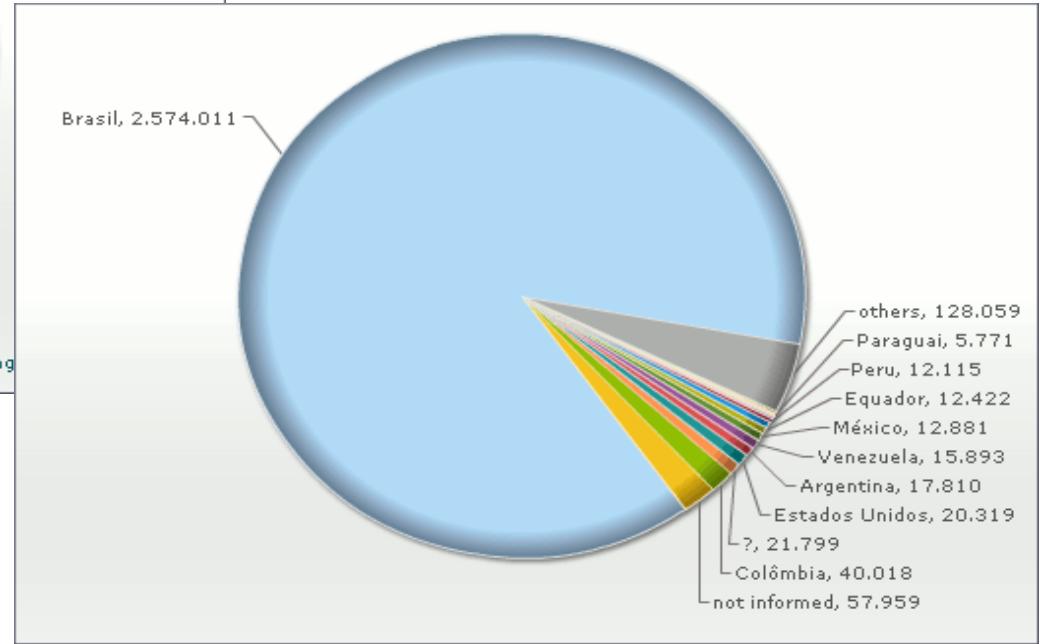


66% Plants

28% Animals

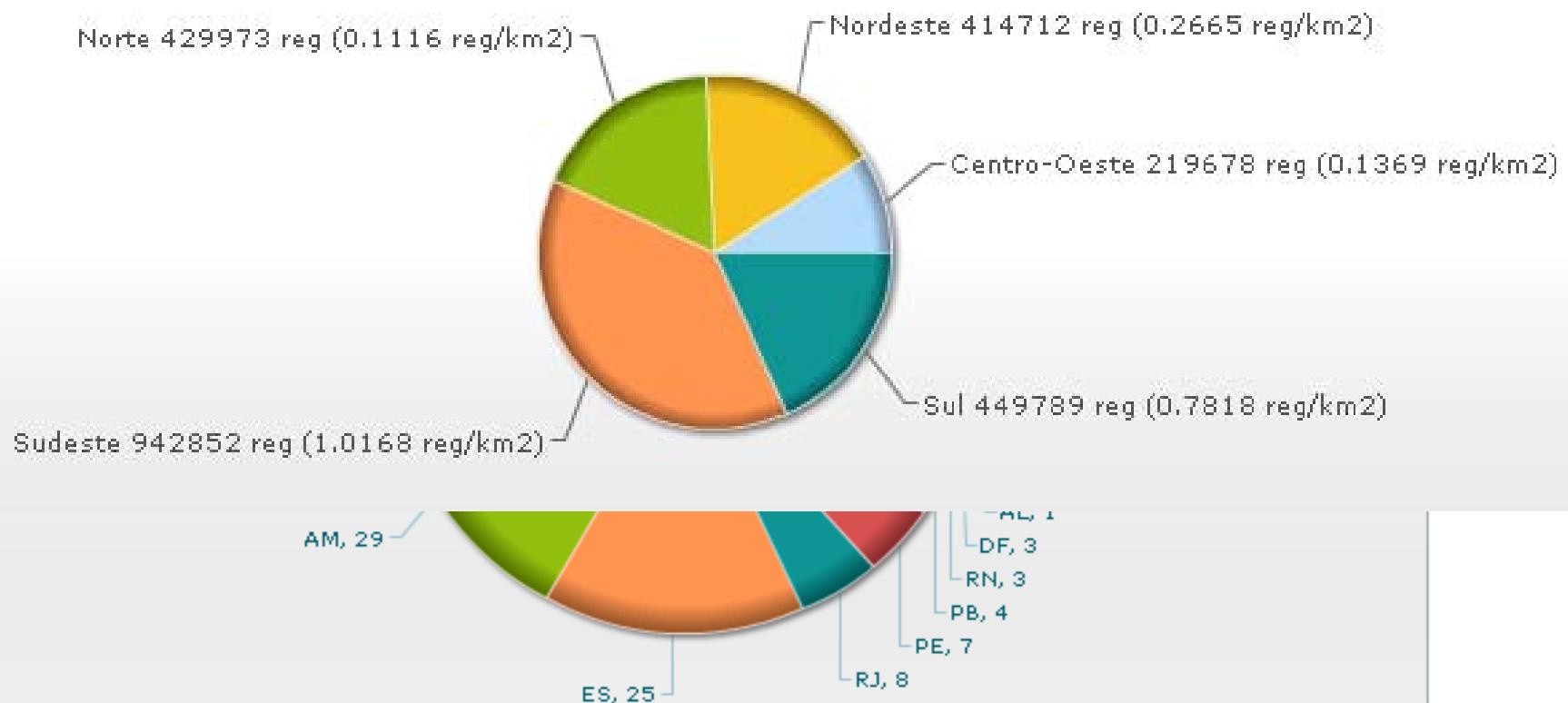
5% “broad scope”

1% microorganisms



85% from Brazilian collections

15% from foreign collections



Esse indicador mostra o número de coleções e sub-coleções conectadas a rede speciesLink por estado brasileiro.



dados e ferramentas

Busca Centralizada

ASE - Herbário da Universidade Federal de Sergipe

Universidade Federal de Sergipe

Como citar e Condições de uso



spLink	Instituição	Coleção	Catálogo	Nome científico	Forma de registro	Reino	Filo	Classe	Ordem	Família	Gênero	Espécies	Subespécie	Autor do nome
sp	UFS	ASE	5402	Tabebuia impetiginosa	S	Plantae	-	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(Mart. ex DC.)

CPMA - Coleção de plantas medicinais e aromáticas

Universidade Estadual de Campinas

Como citar e Condições de uso



spLink	Instituição	Coleção	Catálogo	Nome científico	Forma de registro	Reino	Filo	Classe	Ordem	Família	Gênero	Espécies	Subespécie	Autor do nome
sp	CPQBA	CPMA	1076	Tabebuia impetiginosa	S	Plantae	-	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(Mart. ex DC)

EAC - Herbário Prisco Bezerra

Universidade Federal do Ceará

Como citar e Condições de uso



spLink	Instituição	Coleção	Catálogo	Nome científico	Forma de registro	Reino	Filo	Classe	Ordem	Família	Gênero	Espécies	Subespécie	Autor do nome
sp	UFC	EAC	41404	Tabebuia impetiginosa	-	Plantae	-	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(Mart. ex DC)
sp	UFC	EAC	41405	Tabebuia impetiginosa	-	Plantae	-	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(Mart. ex DC)

ESA - Herbário da Escola Superior de Agricultura Luiz de Queiroz

Escola Superior de Agricultura Luiz de Queiroz

Como citar e Condições de uso



spLink	Instituição	Coleção	Catálogo	Nome científico	Forma de registro	Reino	Filo	Classe	Ordem	Família	Gênero	Espécies	Subespécie	Autor do nome
sp	ESALQ	ESA	36432	Tabebuia impetiginosa	S	Plantae	Magnoliophyta	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(M)
sp	ESALQ	ESA	36436	Tabebuia impetiginosa	S	Plantae	Magnoliophyta	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	(M)
sd	ESALQ	ESA	51663	Tabebuia impetiginosa	S	Plantae	Magnoliophyta	-	-	Bignoniaceae	Tabebuia	impetiginosa	-	-

http://data.gbif.org/occurrences/search.htm?c[0].s=20&c[0].p=0&c[0].o=15236743

Google

... free and open access to biodiversity data

GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY INFORMATION FACILITY

Search

HOME SPECIES COUNTRIES DATASETS OCCURRENCES SETTINGS ABOUT

Occurrence search

Please add filters and click Search to perform a search for occurrences records. Specify more filters to narrow your search to get more accurate results for the species, area or time period that is of interest.

Add search filter

Scientific name is Add Filter

Enter a scientific name and click Add Filter.

This filter will return any records that have a matching name given for the identification of the organism, regardless of how the organism is classified.

Your current search

Filters can be removed by clicking on the minus signs.

Classification includes Species:
Tabebuia impetiginosa

Search

This search matches 646 occurrence records.

Actions

View: Matching records as table Matching records on map

Specify: Data providers to be included in search Datasets to be included in search Countries to be included in search

Download: Spreadsheet of results Darwin core (maximum 100,000) Google Earth (maximum 50,000) Species in results

Create: New! Niche Model

Sample results

Scientific Name	Dataset	Institution Code	Collection Code	Catalogue Number	Basis of Record	Date	Coordinates	Country
<i>Tabebuia impetiginosa</i>	herbario	Museo Nacional de Costa Rica (MNCR)	Herbario Nacional de Costa Rica (CR)	51483	Specimen			Costa Rica
<i>Tabebuia impetiginosa</i>	herbario	Museo Nacional de Costa Rica (MNCR)	Herbario Nacional de Costa Rica (CR)	103192	Specimen			Costa Rica
<i>Tabebuia impetiginosa</i>	herbario	Museo Nacional de Costa Rica (MNCR)	Herbario Nacional de Costa Rica (CR)	109019	Specimen			Costa Rica
<i>Tabebuia impetiginosa</i>	SysTax	BAYRT	Okologisch Botanischer Garten Bayreuth	591273	Unknown			
<i>Tabebuia</i>	Missouri Botanical MO		Tropicos	479917	Specimen	05/01/1985		Brazil

Iniciar

Oc... En... 3 M 2 M K:\... PT

18:03

Create Niche Model

This tool provides an integration between openModeller and the occurrence point data available within the portal. Its main purpose is to demonstrate the integration of GBIF-mediated occurrence data with other applications like modelling tools.

Please be aware that the significance of the modelling result varies greatly with the selection of meaningful parameters.



This integration takes the occurrence points provided by your search, submits these points and the layers selected to openModeller. openModeller then generates a probability distribution using the **Envelope Score Algorithm**.

Please select environment to model within

- ▶ Land
- ▶ Ocean

Land Layers - provided by Worldclim



Select all | Deselect all

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual mean temperature | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of wettest month |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean diurnal range | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of driest month |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Isothermality | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation seasonality |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temperature seasonality | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of wettest quarter |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maximum temperature of warmest month | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of driest quarter |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minimum temperature of coldest month | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of warmest quarter |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temperature annual range | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Precipitation of coldest quarter |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean temperature of wettest quarter | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean temperature of driest quarter | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean temperature of warmest quarter | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean temperature of coldest quarter | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual precipitation | |

[Create Model](#)

Recently viewed

- Occurrence search - Classification includes Species: *Tabebuia impetiginosa*
- Classification of Species: *Tabebuia impetiginosa* Standl.
- Classification

Actions

- View:** Matching records as table Matching records on map
- Specify:** Data providers to be included in search Datasets to be included in search Countries to be included in search
- Download:** Spreadsheet of results Darwin core (maximum 100,000) Google Earth (maximum 50,000)
Species in results
- Create:** *New!* Niche Model

Your current search

Classification includes Species: *Tabebuia impetiginosa*



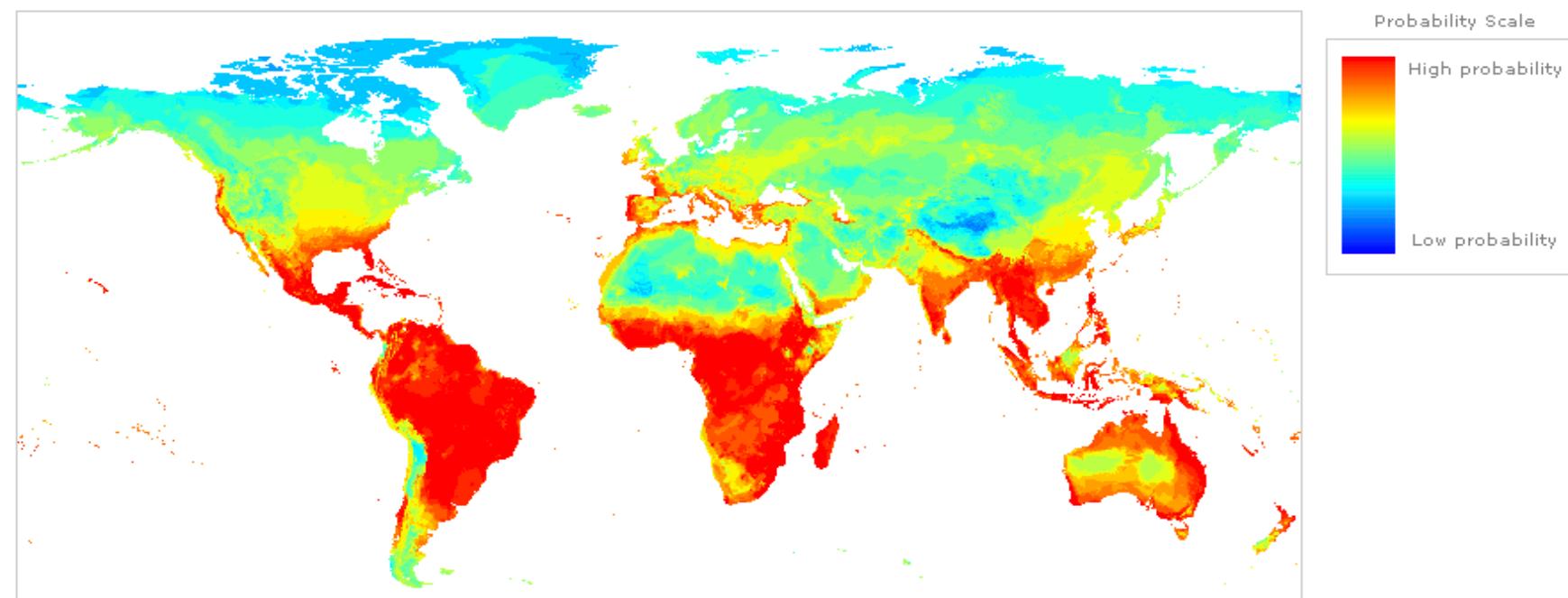
Change your current search

Your Generated Niche Model

This tool provides an integration between openModeller and the occurrence point data available within the portal. Its main purpose is to demonstrate the integration of GBIF-mediated occurrence data with other applications like modelling tools.

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Good models depend on data
(quantity and quality),
tools, and knowledge



inpe

- Incluir 4 a 5 slides





- Dept. of Computing and Digital Systems Engineering
 - Agricultural Automation Laboratory (LAA)
 - Architecture, algorithms and software engineering
 - Architecture and High Performance Computing (LAHPC)
 - Cluster and grid computing
 - Adaptive Techniques Laboratory (LTA)
 - Adaptive algorithms
- Team:
 - 6 faculty members
 - 5 PhD, 1 MSc and 10 undergraduate students
 - Scholarships from FAPESP, CNPq, CAPES, FDTE

Contributions of Poli-USP to oM

- New architecture with focus on interoperability
- New algorithms: modeling and analysis
- High performance computing
- Software development process
 - Unit tests
 - Process documentation
- Case studies
 - Environmental services: pollinators



Architecture

- Facilitate integration with other applications
 - Make modeling available to other applications
 - Access data from distributed sources
- Examples
 - GBIF – Global Biodiversity Information Facility
 - IABIN – InterAmerican Biodiversity Information Network
- Paradigm: Service-oriented architecture
 - Break oM into a set of services
 - that can invoke (and be invoked by) other applications
 - Cluster: available as a high performance modeling service

Web interface to the service-oriented oM

The screenshot shows the openModeller project home page. At the top right is a login form with fields for 'login' and 'password' and an 'Ok' button. On the left is a vertical navigation menu with links: Overview, New User, Using the System, Contact, Developers, Documents, Publications, Sources, Blogs, Downloads, and Home (which is highlighted). Below the menu are three large images: a world map with orange and green landmasses, a close-up of a green plant, and a pink rose. Underneath these images are three icons with labels: 'Species Occurrence' (a globe and a magnifying glass), 'Environmental Layers' (a green plus sign icon), and 'Probability Distribution' (a blue play button icon and a red bar chart).

Welcome to the openModeller project home page!

openModeller aims to provide a flexible, user friendly, cross-platform environment where the entire process of conducting a fundamental niche modeling experiment can be carried out. The software includes facilities for reading species occurrence and environmental data, selection of environmental layers on which the model should be based, creating a fundamental niche model and projecting the model into an environmental scenario. A number of algorithms are provided as plugins, including GARP, Climate Space Model, Bioclimatic Envelopes, Support Vector Machines and others.

The project is currently being developed by the Centro de Referência em Informação Ambiental (CRIA), Escola Politécnica da USP (Poli), and Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE) as an open-source initiative. It is funded by Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo (FAPESP), the Incofish project, and by individuals that have generously contributed their time. Previous collaborators include the BOWorld project (University of Reading), the University of Kansas Natural History Museum & Biodiversity Research Center (KU), and other individual participants.

openModeller is a fundamental niche modelling library, providing a uniform method for modelling distribution patterns using a variety of modelling algorithms.



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New Algorithms

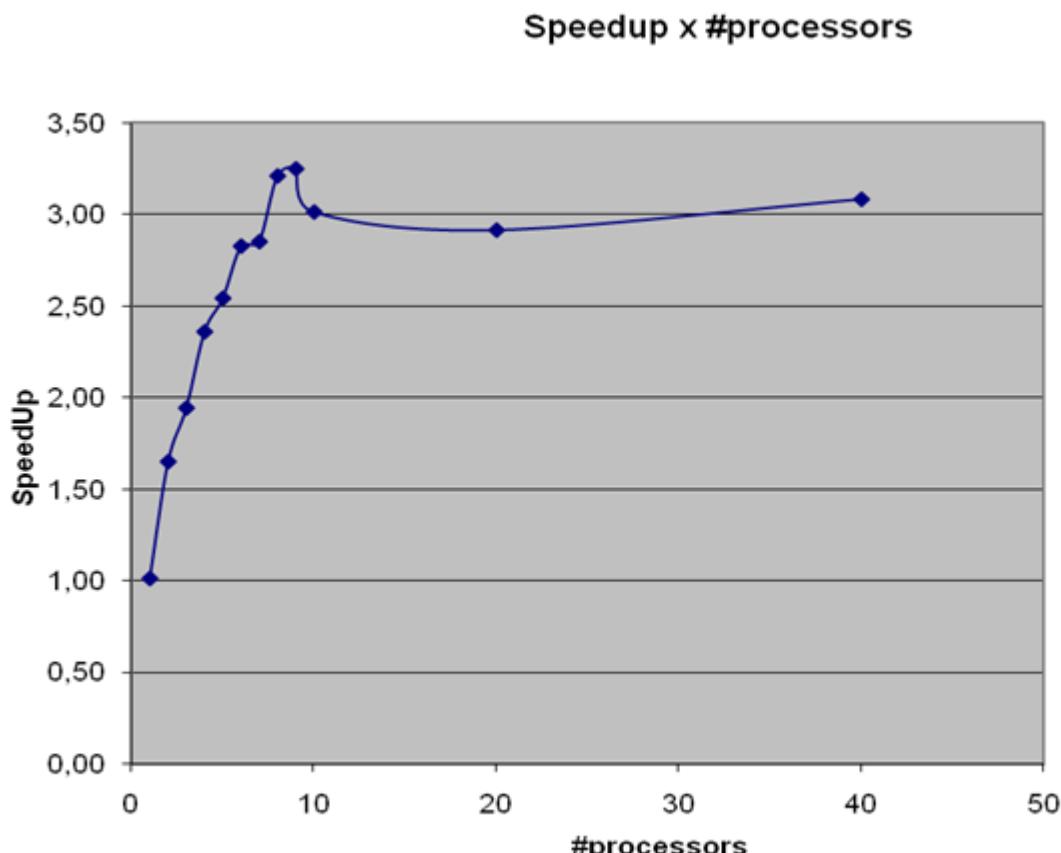
- Importance of having more algorithms
 - Performance: computational and biological (functional)
- Modeling algorithms
 - GARP
 - AdaptGARP: based on adaptive techniques
 - P-GARP: parallel version for cluster execution
 - MaxEnt: maximizes entropy
 - Environmental Distance: Mahalanobis distance
 - Neural Networks: learn from examples
- Analysis algorithms
 - Jackknife: layers selection

Performance improvement

T(GARP)	T(PGARP)	np	speedup	efficiency
0,68817	0,6817	1		1.01
0,68817	0,4176	2		1.01
0,68817	0,3545	3		
0,68817	0,2919	4		
0,68817	0,2708	5		
0,68817	0,2436	6		
0,68817	0,2414	7		
0,68817	0,2144	8		
0,68817	0,2119	9		
0,68817	0,2285	10		
0,68817	0,2362	20		
0,68817	0,2233	40		

Obs.:

O *speedup* representa o número de vezes que um algoritmo paralelo é mais rápido do que um seqüência, considerando o melhor algoritmo seqüencial disponível.



High performance computing

- Why high performance computing?
 - Modeling and projection are computer intensive
 - Up to many days to complete on a desktop computer!
- Computer cluster infrastructure
 - SGI 88 cores: 11 nodes, 2 quad Intel Xeon 2.0 GHz and 8 GB ram memory;
 - Hosted at USP-CCE Datacenter
 - Dedicated to oM
- Parallel version of oM's algorithms
 - P-GARP, P-bestSubsets,
- Cluster power available on oM Desktop



Case study: ecosystem services – pollination

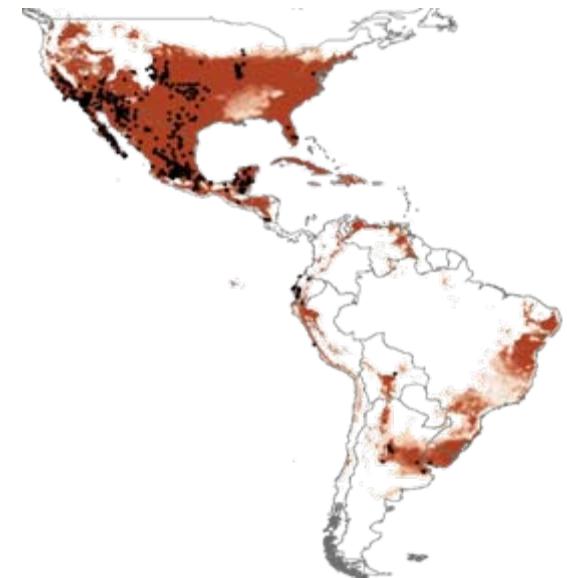
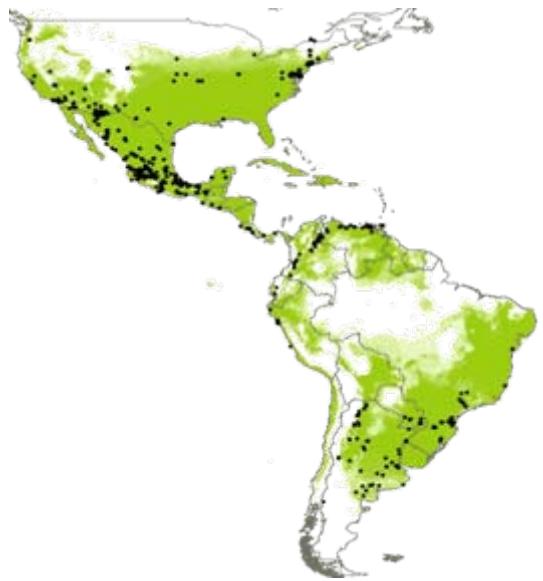
Peponapis spp x *Cucurbita* spp

- Tereza C.GIANNINI (Thesis project)
- *Peponapis* (Eucerini, Apidae)
 - bees specialized on flowers of the genus *Cucurbita*. Neotropical distribution with diversity center in Mexico.
- *Cucurbita* spp
 - pumpkins: 13 wild and 5 cultivated species. Diversity center in Mexico.
- Distributions patterns?



Case study

- Distribution of pollinators x commercial x native pumpkin



*Peponapis
spp*



*Cultivated
pumpkins*



wild pumpkins



Future plans & Team (Poli-USP)

• Plans

- Web Interface to service-architecture, cluster and grid computing,
- more algorithms: parallel versions of Jackknife, MaxEnt, ANN
- Human resources on modelling: users and developers
- Case studies

• Team

- Profs: AM Saraiva, PLP Correa, LM Sato, JJ Neto, ET Midorikawa, RLA Rocha, E Murakami (UDESC)
- Graduate Students: FS Santana, F.Rodrigues, ESC Rodrigues, RL Stange, SL Stanzani, TC Giannini.
- Undergrad. students: Danilo, Mariana, Albert, Alex, Igor, Jefferson...



Thank you

<http://openmodeller.sf.net>

